VIENNA (R) - The United Nations should submit a new plan to allow tractor (R) — the Childer relative should should a new plan to should find the form of the Childer Usams Al Hiti said Tuesday. "I think we are waiting for the U.N. to propose something else," Mr. Hiti told reporters before the opening of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries' winter ministerial une Organisation of Petroteum Exporting Countries' winter ministerial conference. The Security Council adopted a resolution in August allowing Iraq to export up to \$1.6 billion worth of oil and oil products over a six-month period to buy food and other civilian necessities. But Baghdad has refused in implement the scheme, which it considers a violation of its sovereignty. Under the plan, all proceeds from the oil sales would have in be paid into a special U.N. account, with about one third being funnelled off for Gulf war reparations and other war debts. The United National or pasu into a special U.N. account, with about one third being funnelled off for Gulf war reparations and other war debts. The United Nations would also monitor all phases of the oil sales as well as the distribution of humanitarian supplies. "We do not accept Resolution 706 because it is impractical and I don't think it will help at all to bring food and medicine to our people," Mr. Hiti said. "Any other plan which is workable, honourable, I think we will accept it," Mr. Hiti said.

Volume 16 Number 4866

AMMAN WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1991, JUMADEH AL OULA 21, 1412

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Sandi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams

### King visits army unit

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Tuesday visited the King Hussein Ben Ali Brigade where he was received by its commander and several of its officers. King Hussein was briefed by the commander on the duties and activities of the brigade and voiced his appreciation of the brigade's personnel. King Hussein was accompanied on the visit by his military secretary, His Royal Highness Prince Talal Ben

### Crown Prince sends message to Bashir

KHARTOUM (Petra). Sudanese leader Omar Hassan Al Bashir Tuesday received a message from His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan dealing with relations between Jordan and Sudan and ways of enhancing them. The message was delivered by the head of the anesthetisation unit at Al Hussein Medical City.

### **Princess Basma** opens centre in Jerash

AMMAN (J.T.) — As part of the Kingdom's ongoing celebrations of His Majesty King Hussein's birthday, Her Royal Highness Princess Basma Tuesday opened Jerash Special Education Centre m the Jerash area.

### **Sharlf Zeld** visits GHQ

hang

F7 1000

15. G

-old k

: 10

252

) DE

525 82

14: Q

777

Si ski

កខ្ព

TO NE.

\*±\*

ا دي

-21:2X

٠ 🖈

 $\mathcal{D}_{B}: \mathbb{F}$ 

4

بار. ساز از ب

• سيدان

270000

250 35

7.2

:17

3 DC/

hinê

AMMAN (Petra) - Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker Tuesday visited the General Headquarters (GHQ) of the Jordanian Armed Forces where he met with the chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and chief of staff of land forces, Field Marshal Fathi Abu Taleb.

### Cabinet approves health, tourism allocations

AMMAN (J.T.) of Ministers Tuesday decided to make allocation totalling JD5.8 million towards improving health and tourism services and facilities in the Kingdom. The Cabinet approved plans to equip and furnish new hospitals and health centres at Tafileh, Mafraq, Salt and Al Bashir Hospital in Amman. The total allocations for these projects will be JD5 mil-The Council of Ministers agreed to set up a special fund to market Jordan abroad. It set aside a total of JD800,000 for this purpose.

### Faris Nabuisi to seek speakership

AMMAN (J.T.) - The ninemember Democratic Bloc in the Lower House announced Tuesday it was nominating Amman Deputy Faris Nabulsi as its candidate for the speakership of the House when Parliament reconvenes next week.

### Adnan Bakhit to head Muta

AMMAN (J.T.) — Dr. Adnan Bakhit was named Tuesday to head Muta University, informed sources said. Dr. Bakhit, who held the post of vice-president at the University of Jordan and who was a member of Jordan's delegation to the Madrid peace conference, replaces Dr. Awad Khleifat, who joined the government of Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker last week as ter of higher education. Dr. Bakhit holds a PhD in history.

### Yemeni plane makes emergency landing

AMMAN (J.T.) — A Yemeni airliner Tuesday mnde an emergency landing at Queen Alia International Airport after developing landing gear problems. A spokesman for the Civil Aviation Authority (CAA) said the airport authorities took all necessary precautions in accordance with a standard emergency plan and the plane, which had only a five-member crew on board, landed safely, sustaining slight damage and no-one was hurt. According to the spokesman, the incident occurred at 4:40 p.m.. The airport authorities have opened an investigation.

# U.S. says no visas

# for PLO members Washington suggests Israel and Syria start discussing Golan withdrawal; Modai

proposes guarantee-for-aid compromise WASHINGTON (Agencies) — The United States said on Tuesday it would not issue entry visas to Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) members to advise Palestinians in proposed Middle East peace talks next week.

State Department spokeswoman Margaret Tutwiler also said the United States would not entertain conditions for attending the Dec. 4 Washington talks from any of the other Arab or Israeli

"Our proposal is out there... we are not accepting conditions," Ms. Tutwiler said.

Jordan and Lebanon are the only countries to have accepted the invitations so far. The Israeli inner cabinet is to decide its response on Wednesday, while Ms. Tutwiler said Syria and the Palestinians had communicated "responses that show a readiness to respond positively, with some

The Palestinlans are pressing Secretary of State James Baker to use his discretionary powers to seek a waiver from the immigration law which bans PLO members from entering the United States.

But Ms. Tutwiler was adamant that Mr. Baker, who in the past has recommended such waivers for travel to the United Nations, for humanita-

drugs was "the crime of the cen- said.

Ahdul Salam Mohammad

Saced challenged Western powers

to live up to their human rights

ideals by following the lead of

Britain, which unfroze some

assets at the weekend for Iraq to

buy drugs in exchange for the

freedom of jailed husinessman

"Releasing Richter was a con-

crete conclusion. There is no

money for Iraq to buy medicine.

The only money we have is frozen," the minister told Reu-

Under the deal, Britain un-

froze £70 unilion (\$125 million) to

buy drugs, especially cancer-

treatment medicine, which Bagh-

dad had ordered in Britain. Mr.

Richter served six years of a life

Britain was the first major

Western power to loosen its grip

on about \$4.5 billion of assets

frozen in reprisal for Iraq's inva-

sion of Kuwait 16 months ago.

oversees a world trade blockade,

says the governments can use

their discretion about the frozen

money and has exempted medi-

But Iraq complains that no government had unfrozen money

and that 65,000 children died as a

result and another 350,000 were

at risk this winter. The U.N.

Children's Fund (UNICEF) says

the century, uncivilised, against setup?

this figure is realistic.

cine and food from sanctions.

The United Nations, which

ters in an interview.

sentence for bribery.

turv.

Ian Richter.

rian situations and for certaio academic conferences, would not issue them in this case.

"I believe when I mentioned the manitarian example. I said in the instance of someone who is sick, who has a family member who could be dying," Ms. Tutwiler said. "That is not in my mind a bilateral

negotiation." Ms. Tntwiler said it was up to the

parties to the talks, which would follow on inaugural meetings held in Madrid at the end of October, to decide to come to Washington or not as they wished. "The bail's in their court. The

proposal is not there, it comes as no news to anyone," she said. Addressing Arabs and Israelis "If you choose to come, we think

these are important talks. We believe that you believe they're important talks. And let us have your re-The United States originally asked for responses by Monday but the

deadline passed without official word from what most analysts consider the three most important parties --Israel, Syria and the Palestinians. Earlier, diplomatic sources told Reuters the United States has prop-

osed to Israel and Syria that they

begin discussing a deal under which

the Israelis would withdraw from

occupied Syrian territory on the

He blamed the United States.

"It's an American exercise. The

rest (Europe and other allies in

the anti-Baghdad coalition) are

from heart disease, cancer and so

ordered in excess of \$1.2 billion

They argue that U.N. Resolu-

would allow Iraq to export oil to

buy such items but Iraq says strict

U.N. monitoring involved and

cumbersome bureaucracy would

make such sales inept, as well as

Mr. Saced argued that under

the terms of Resolution 706,

which would pay money into an

escrow account and deduct 30 per

cent of receipts for payment of

war reparations, it would take six

months before oil money reached

one of Iraq's overseas banks.

infringing sovereignty.

"In the past we never thought

West should honour deals

and unfreeze cash — Iraq

BAGHDAD (R) - Iraq's health human rights, a shameful thing

minister said Tuesday the West's done in Europe in the 20th cen-

iust decovs.

on," he said.

lock the money.

Golan Heights in exchange for peace. Diplomatic sources told Reuters Monday the idea was floated in messages to both countries inviting them

Washington talks.
In another proposal, this time aimed at Israel and Lebanon, the United States proposed that an Israeli-backed Lebanese militia hand over control of the town of Jezzine in South Lebanon to the Lebanese

The sources said the proposal was termed a test case that could serve as a model and pave the way for a total Israeli withdrawal from its self-styled "security zone" in South Lebanon.

Jezzine is north of the "security zone," which stretches about 20 kilometres into Lebanese territory beyond Israel's northern border. The town, controlled by the South Leba-non Army (SLA), a group armed, trained and financed by Israel, is a frequent flashpoint for clashes with Lebanese guerrillas,

The sources said the U.S. proposa on the Golan Heights was framed in hypothetical terms. It took no position on whether Israel should give up all the territory or where an eventual Israeli-Syrian border should be

# **Baghdad** ridicules reports of refusal to unfreeze Iraqi assets to tury. They will regret this for the allow Baghdad by buy life-saving rest of their lives," the minister

BAGHDAD (R) - Iraq Tuesday ridiculed suggestions that the United States was considering fresh options to dislodge President Saddam Hussein and said any Iraqi who fought to overthrow him would be a mercenary.

that Britain, which is supposed to be advanced, civilised and talks about human rights, would withhold medicine from those sections of the community suffering Government figures show Iraq

worth of drugs and equipment this year and more than \$2 billion of food against frozen assets, but Western governments did not untion 706, approved in August,

> The declaration implicitly reminded Iraqis that Ayatollah Khomeini died in 1989, a year after agreeing to a halt to the first Gulf war, while President Saddam was still in power.

The ministry issued the statement following a Washington Post report which said the Bush administration was considering fresh aggressive options to force President Saddam's overthrow.

U.S. officials as saying options included giving anti-Saddam re-"In the same banks now there bels military training and spare is Iraqi money. Why do they make Îraqi people suffer for six parts or setting up an exiled "Of course, it is the crime of months through this resolution provisional government (see page

# "It said to the Israelis: 'Let us suppose that Syria is willing to offer real peace. How much territory (Continued on page 5)

**U.S.** plans

An official statement recalled that Bachdad's late bogeyman, Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomcini of Iran, had made President Saddam's overthrow a condition for ending the 1980-1988 Iran-Iraq

"The White House is playing the same failed game which Khomeini continued playing for cight years in which he linked the end of his war to President Saddam's continuation in power," the Iraqi Information Ministry said in a statement.

It quoted unidentified senior

# His Majesty King Husseln Tuesday meets Libyan envoy Abu Zaid Omar Dourda. The Libyan envoy left Amman Tuesday evening (Petra

# Jordan receives Libyan message on Pan Am case

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein Tuesday received a message from Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi on Libya's stand with regard to accusations that Libya masterminded the downing of a Pan Am plane over Lockehie, Scotland in 1988.

The message was delivered at the Royal Court by the secretary general of the Lihyan People's Committee, Ahn Zaid Omar Dourda.

Discussion at the meeting covered bilateral relations, and Mr. Dourda stressed Libya's keenness on promoting Jordanian-Libyan ties, the Jordan News Agency, Petra, said,

The meeting was attended by Royal- Court Chief Adnan Abu Odeh and the King's advisor Khaled Karaki as well as the Lihyan ambassador.

Mr. Dourda said upon arriving in Amman earlier Tuesday that Lihya had contacted a number of countries over the Pan Am issue and that their positions were positive. Contacts were held with Arab countries and Islamic nations as well as regional and international organisations, said Mr. Dourda, who is also the Asked on the prospect of Libya demanding a meeting of the Arab

League Council to discuss the issue, the envoy said that the whole question depends on the outcome of current contacts.

If the need arises, Libya will call for such meeting, he said. Mr. Dourda said in Cairo earlier Tuesday Libya needed more time to respond to the Western charges that it masterminded the Pan Am bombing. "A response to the charges will

be made after the needed time to prepare a reply," Mr. Dourda told reporters after handing Egyptian President Hosni Mnabark a message from Col. Qadhafi, "They (the United States and

Britain) spent long years preparing the charges so we obviously need some time to deal with them from all angles and prepare an official response," he added. Mr. Dourda said Col. Qadha-

fi's message to President Mubarak dealt "with the American threats against Libya... Arrest warrants had been issued for two Libyans on murder

charges arising from the bombing. Libya has denied any role in the mid-air explosion. All 259 people on board the

(Confinued on page 5)

# Israeli troops attack Rafah house, arrest 3

OCCUPIED GAZA STRIP (R) - Israeli troops shot and wounded three wanted Palestinians Tuesday in a house in Rafah in the occupied Gaza Strip and then arrested them, the army said.

Palestinian sources said four Palestinians had been wounded and a total of eight arrested in the incident, which they described as an ambush by an undercover Israeli army unit.

Five of those arrested, they added, had been wanted by Israel for activism in the "Black Panthers," group which had attacked Palestinians suspected of aiding Israel.

The army said the incident

occurred when Israeli troops became suspicions of a group of Palestinians who seemed to be hiding in a house in Rafah. As the troops approached, one Palestinian opened fire with a pistol. The soldiers returned fire wounding three Palestinians, one seriously.

Three pistols and two grenades were found in the house, an army spokesman said. In another development,

Israel's attorney general has re-

should be ordered to leave houses they seized in Arab East Jeru-

The seizure of eight houses last month in the neighbourhood of Silwan inflamed the emotions of Palestinians.

Attorney general Yosef Harish said it was up to the government to make a final decision on the matter but in his opinion the

Israelis should leave the houses. The attorney general said, considering all the legal arguments, it follows that the police must ... prevent the realisation of rights of ownership of the occupied houses," a statement from

Mr. Harish's office said. A group of armed Jewish settlers accompanied by right-wing politicians occupied the houses' saying they held legal title to the property in the area.

When a debate erupted over the legality of the takeover, the settlers agreed to leave all but one house while police continued to protect the other seven. Mr. Harish conceded the set-

tlers had "legal" ownership of the houses but said "professional and security considerations" were overriding in the case.

# **King: Washington best** venue for bilateral talks

Washington is the most appropriate venue for the second phase of the Middle East peace talks bilateral Arab-Israeli negotia-

In an interview with the British

Broadcasting Corporation (BBC), King Hussein said it was impossible from a practical and psychological point of view to hold the talks in the Middle East. The King said that "even if we intend to do so, it will take us a

long time."

The King also said that peace talks cannot be held in the occupied Arab territories since that contravenes the Geveva Convention and "does not achieve what

we are looking for." He said that the opening of the Middle East conference in Madrid Oct. 30 was a good start and noted that the parties concerned are moving now towards bilateral

The King expressed hope that

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty the next phase will be followed by King Hussein has said that multilateral talks where all problems in the region will be discus-

> The King said Jordan is suffering from the return of more than 300,000 Jordanians and Palestinians from Kuwait. Hundreds of thousands of Palestinian returnees are in need of medical care and education and that Jordan is trying all means to help them, he

The King said the issue of the returnees is part of a hroader problem which has to be tackled. In an answer to a question, the King said Jordan did not try to claim sovereignty over the occupied territories. In fact, the King added, when a union took place between the eastern and western banks of the River Jordan in the

early 1950s it was clear that Jor-

dan would be responsible for the

West Bank only until a solution to the Palestinian problem was

# Jordan finalises team

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Jordanian delegation to the Arab-Israeli bilateral talks in Washingtoo was finalised Tuesday, the Jordan News Agency, Petra,

The delegation, which will be headed by Dr. Abdul Salam Majali, includes: General Abdul Hafez Mare'i from the Armed Forces; Dr. Fayez Tarawneh, a former minister; Dr. Munther Hadadin, an ex-chief of the Jordan Water Authority (JWA); Dr. Ahmad Qatanani, former head of the department of Palestinian Affairs at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs; Dr. Waleed Khalidi, professor of political science at Harvard University; Talal Al Hassan, Jordan's ambasador to Belgium and the European Community; Dr. Marwan Muasher, director of the Jordan Information Bureau in Dr. Marwan Muasher, director of the Jordan Information Bureau in Washington; Musa Breizat, an advisor at the Royal Court; Awn Khasawneh, advisor to Jordan's perminent mission at the U.N.; Anwar Khatib, a former governor of Jerusalem; Mohammad Bani Hani a former head of JWA; and Nayef Al Qadi, ambassador to Qatar.

Ambassador Awad Khaldi (France), Mohammad Adwan (the Soviet Union), and Fuad Ayoub (Britain) were dropped from the delegation that originally went to the Madrid peace conference.

Also dropped from the delegation was Dr. Adnan Bakheit, who is expected to be appointed president of Muta University to replace Dr. Awad Khleifat who now serves as minister of higher education.

The delegation is expected to leave Sunday or Monday for Washington.

# **OIC** delegation

The cabinet Tuesday finalised Jordan's delegation to the ministerial meeting of the Organisation of Islamic Conference (OIC), which will be held in Dhakar, Senegal, between Dec. 5 and 7. The delegation will be headed by Foreign Minister Kamel Abu Jaber and will include as member of the Royal Commission on Jerusalem Affairs Rací Najem, Secretary General of the Ministry of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Ahmad Hlayel, Jordan's Non-Residential ambassador to Senegal Adnan Al Talhouni, Jordan's Consul General in Jeddah Lu'ai Khashman, Ibrahim Al Nabulsi, a consultant at Jordan's embassy in Cairo, and the embassy's second secretary, Abdul Ilah Al Khatib.

# Parliament begins its session Sunday

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty from the Throne and will elect King Hussein Sunday opens Parture two deputies to the speaker and liament's 13th session with a traditional speech from the Throne, an official announcement said

Tuesday.
Following the speech, the Upper House of Parliament (Senate) will meet under the chairmanship of Speaker Ahmad Al Lawzi while the Lower House will meet under the chairmanship of the

oldest member of the House. The Lower House will listen to a Royal Decree that postponed the reopening of the Lower House from October until Dec. 1,

According to the announcement, the Lower House will then elect n permanent bureau and the temporary speaker will ask the House members to elect three deputies to supervise the election of the House speaker and the House's committees.

After the speaker is elected, the House will choose a committee to draft a reply to the speech

two deputies to the speaker and permanent financial, legal, administrative and foreign affairs com-

In the previous session additional committees were set up. These were those of public freedoms and citizens rights, agricultural affairs, health and environment, education, Palestine and the occupied Arab land, rural regions and badia, and water strategy.

The race for the speakership of the Lower House is already under

Abdul Majeed Shreideh has been nominated by the Constitution Bloc, Abdul Latif Arabiyat is the Muslim Brotherhood candidate, and former Speaker Suleiman Arar is the National Bloc's nominee.

The contestants represent the three largest blocs in Parliament and observers expect the battle for the speakership to be heated.

# The peace process and the workings of political forces in Jordan

This is the third in a series of articles analysing Jordan's democratic experiment, with special emphasis on the experience of the government of Prime Minister Taher Masri, who resigned last week.

By Lamis K. Andoni Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — When former Prime Minister Taher Masri was designated last June, his oppo-nents scornfully branded his gov-ernment as the "cabinet of negotiations with Israel." His res tion last week indicated that opposition to the peace process, particularly by the influential Muslim Brotherhood, remains strong but it is not the only factor that shapes Jordanian power politics.

For while his opponents, again particularly the Brotherhood (Ikhwan), mainly used the fact that the Masri cabinet was the first to engage in direct peace talks with Israel, they could not use it as the only issue to rally opposition against his government. As evidence, analysts point to the tactical alliance between the conservative Constitutional Bloc — which supports the peace process — and the Ikhwan last October that produced a petition calling on Mr. Masri's

resignation.
Yet at the same time, opposi-

tion to the peace talks, in addi-tion to demands for an immedi-ate repeal of all restrictions on political freedoms, were crucial to getting a number of pan-Arab sts and leftists to sign

The fact that leftist deputies Mensour Murad, Husni Shiyab, and Fakhri Kawar signed the petition contributed to weaken-ing Mr. Masri's position because it showed a significant split among the ranks of his main supporters in the Jordan Arab National Democratic Alliance (JANDA), which is the umbrella tion for the major leftist

parties in the Kingdom. Although the petition did not lead to the breakup of JANDA, it showed that the leftist coalition

could not bind its members by a unified position over the peace

Opposition to the peace process could have played a more crucial and negative role further undermining the Masri government had the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) not authorised Palestinian involvement in the process. Sources from the Masri gov-

comment have said that many of the ministers felt that their posimined if the PLO had re jected participation.

According to political analysts, many Jordanian politicians and political activists are reluctant to

accept or like Jordan to be viewed as the country that

accepted a historic compromise Furthermore, both the govern

ruthermore, both the govern-ment or at least some ministers guarded themselves against being perceived or used — in this case by the U.S. — as substitute for the PLO. In this case, Mr. Mast's Palestindan origin and his family's influence in the Israeli-controlled by the controlled beautiful to the controlled by occupied West Bank could have only served to perpetuate such an image and enhance these suspicions, particularly if the PLO had decided to boycott the

A number of ministers. according to well-informed sources, were prepared to resign if the PLO had not accepted the talks, while the majority of JAN-DA members was expected in demand the withdrawal of five of the ministers it had named to be

JANDA is said to have had a difficult time with some minis-ters, including those who res-igned citing different reasons like "our conscience could not accept talks with Israel."

The issue of peace talks with Israel will continue to play an important role, not because of the sensitivity of the Jordanian position and to the historic Jordaoian-Palestinian relationship but also because of the extremely strong influence that pan-Arab political thought has on both the establishment and

the opposition.
For example, there has been

hardly any cabinet, especially in the last decade, which did not include one or more former Baathist or pan-Arab nationalists. With the exception of a few, most of these officials and former ministers are still very influence by pan-Arab thinking, which in its extreme or even ideological sense refuses the idea of territo-

rial compromise with Israel. Pan-Arab nationalists from various trends and affiliations are also influential in JANDA and the other political groups in Jor-

"Jordan's declared commit-ment III Palestinian national rights and His Majesty King Hossein's refusal to join the

(Continued on page 5)

# Big compensation proposed for victims of Iraqi invasion

GENEVA (R) — Women raped by Iraqi troops during the occupation of Knwait should receive up to \$5,000 compensation and relatives who were forced to witness the act should get half that, a United Nations study

Under its proposals thousands of Westerners taken from Kuwait to act as a "deterrent against attack in Iraq, in the early days of the occupation would receive as much as \$15,000 each.

The study, a working paper for a meeting this week of the U.N. body set up to process claims, against Iraq, fixed possible payments for those who suffered 'mental pain and anguish" at the hands of Iraqi occupying forces.
Payment of compensation by
Iraq is still hypothetical since
Baghdad has refused to make the

oil sales which would pay for it. A U.N. Security Council resoution in August, number 706, authorised Iraq to sell \$1.6 billion worth of crude oil to pay for urgently needed food and medi-

Iraq has refused to sell the oil because 30 per cent of the revenue would go straight into the compensation fund. It says such conditions threaten its

The commission processing claims against Iraq, whose gov-

Kuwait plans

defence pacts

KUWAIT (R) — Kuwait's Defence Minister Ali Salem

Al Sabah has said the emirate

planned to sign defence pacts

Kuwait's post-Gulf war de-

fence would depend on form-

ing an army with new tech-

nology and training and on

security agreements with

"brotherly states" like the

with Britain and France.

with Britain

and France

erning council is made up of delegates from the 15 members of the U.N. Security Council, began its third working session in Geneva Monday.

U.N. special envoy Prince Sadruddin Aga Khan failed to per-Iraq Sunday to renew their oil sales.

At earlier meetings the commission suggested that a fixed sum of at least \$2,500 — some members suggested \$5,000 should be paid to those forced to flee Kuwait during the sevenmonth occupation.

With up to two million people coming into that category, this could cost Iraq as much as \$10 billion without even considering thousands of additional unlimited claims for documented losses. For ease of payment, the study

split the victims of mental pain and anguish into seven categories, setting what it called "fairly modest" eeilings or fixed amounts of compensation.

The seven categories were: - Those who lost a spouse, child or parent during the occupation or war (\$15,000, with a limit per family of \$40,000)

Those who lost a limb or use of a limb, or who suffered severe disfigurement or loss of a bodily function such as sight (\$15,000 with a \$5,000 ceiling if the injury or loss was only temporary).

 Rape victims or those who suffered severe beatings or torture (\$5,000 per incident)

Those who witnessed any of the above happening to their spouse, child or parent (\$2,500) — Those held hostage or illegally detained for more than three days (\$3,000 for first three days plus up to \$100 a day after

- Those who were forced into hiding in Iraq or Kuwait because well-founded fear" of death or being taken hostage (\$1,500 for first three days plus up to \$50 a day after that)

- Those "deprived of all economie resources, such as to threaten seriously his or her survival," (\$2,500 or a maximum of \$10,000 per family, under certain

Diplomats said the meotal anguish payments" could add hundreds of millions of dollars to the total Iraq would be expected

About 3,000 Westerners were taken hostage by Iraq, and many stayed io captivity for four months. Under the proposals they would therefore be eligible for compeosation of aroood \$15,000.

Thousands more Kuwaitis were also taken to Iraq and Knwait says 2,100 of them are still mis-

LONDON (R) — Iraq engaged in a sophisticated deception to dupe the British government into allowing the sale of massive steel tubes that helped build Baghdad's "supergun," a government official said Tuesday.

Department of Trade and In-

United States, he added.
The Uoited States and Kuwait signed a 10-year defence cooperation pact in September to stockpile military supplies in the emirate

The agreement also provides for regular joint U.S.-Kuwaiti military training and

Sheikh Ali, speaking in a lecture at the faculty of political science and economy at the Kuwait University, said it thousands of land mines sown last year by Iraqi troops.

This does not mean that Kuwait will be 100 per cent free from mines after two years," be added.

At least 84 mine disposal experts had been killed so far in the clearing operation, be

An estimated 62,000 mines aod 12,000 toones of ammunition had been removed since Kuwait U.S.-led forces liberated it in Febru-

Iraq mined Kuwait's desert, sea, oilfields and military sites. Kuwait's waters and shipping lanes were cleared of mines in October.

The minister said rebuildiog Knwait's 20,000-man army, shattered by Iraq's invasion, would take time. He said 80 per cent of the emirate's military installations. institutions and equipments were destroyed during Iraqi bombing and looting.

He said Knwait would receive the first consignment of U.S.-made F-18 warplanes in the first quarter of 1992 under a 1988 purchase agree-

# Britain says it was duped by Iraqi 'deception' over 'supergun

dustry (DTI) official John Medway, speaking on the opening day of a parliamentary investigation into the alleged sales of military equipment to Iraq, said the supergun affair had exposed weaknesses in Britain's export control

"We were at the receiving end of a very sophisticated deception (by Iraq) which was partly successful, Mr. Medway, responsible for the DTI's overseas trade section, told parliament's trade

and industry committee.

But he added that an even bigger Iraqi weapon was oever completed because British customs officers seized part of the

gun before it left the country.

A consignment of eight steel cylinders bound for Iraq was seized in April last year. The British government said they were intended for a supergum, but Iraq said they were destined for a petrochemical plant.

In July this year, however, documents supplied to the United Nations confirmed Western intelligence suspicions before the Gulf war that Iraq was building a "soperguo' — a loog-raoge weapon capable of firing shells more than 1,000 kilometres.

# Paper assails India's refusal to upgrade Israel

until it withdraws troops from has reminded us that our policy occupied territories and allows a Palestinian state was criticised on Tuesday as a "mindless pronouncement" by a leading news-

"Competent conduct of any coootry's foreign policy must mean widening of the available options so that policy makers are able to make the best choice available," said the conservative Stateman newspaper.

"To set our policy in concret means we will wait for the edifice to collapse about our ears," it

India's Junior External Affairs Minister Eduardo Faleiro said Monday India will not exchange ambassadors with Israel until "genuine progress" is made in Middle East peace talks.

Israel and Arah states had "reiterated known positions" in the Madrid talks earlier this month and had made no genuine progress beyond sitting down together, be said in parliament. Israel's refusal to withdraw from the occupied West Bank' and Gaza Strip was the main problem preventing India from

upgrading relations, be said. "Rejecting the proposal that the time has come to establish

NEW DELHI (R) — India's re-fusal to normalise ties with Israel diplomatic relations with Israel, the Ministry of External Affairs was established io 1947 and would continue," the Statesman

"The first thing to notice about this mindless pronouncement is that 1947 was before the state of Israel was born," it added. Israel was founded in 1948.

India recognises Israel but has oo diplomatie representatioo

Last week, a delegation of the World Jewish Coogress met Prime Minister P.V. Narasimha Rao and indicated that they had received a positive response to lobbying for improved India-Israel ties.

"I am excited and I am hopeful that obstacles in the past will be reviewed and overcome," Isi J. eibler, co-chairman of the Jewish body, said after the meeting. Mr. Leihler said he had asked

Mr. Rao to npgrade Israel's con-sular office in Bombay, established in the 1950s to help Indian Jews to emigrate, into an embas-

There are 35,000 Indian Jews Mr. Leibler said. plomatic post in India.

in Israel and about 6,000 in India, The consul is Israel's only di-



CHIEF: His Majesty King Hossein Tuesday conferred the Al Kawkab Medal of the First Order on the visiting Malaysian air force commander, Lieutenant General Dato Sari Al Haj Mohammad Young Ben Mohammad Tasi, and Al Isticial

ler of the Royal Jordanian air force at a ceremony at the Air Force Command Tuesday morning. The ceremony was attended by His Royal Highness Prince Faisal and several officers.

# Witness says Nosair shot

Kahane NEW YORK (R) - A witness in the trial of the accused killer of Meir Kahane Monday identified defendant Al Sayyid Nosair as the man he saw shoot the extrem-

Ari Gottesman, 21, a student at Touro college and the Hebrew University in Israel, was asked by lead prosecutor William Greenbaum if he could recognise the man he saw shoot Kahane twice.

Mr. Gottesman stared at the defendant and without hesitation replied: "He's sitting over there wearing a white shirt." Mr. Nosair showed no emotion

whens he was identified. Testifying in Manhattan supreme court, Mr. Gottesman said he was standing near Kahane when a "man with a gun" fired

two shots, "He didn't run. He moved quickly. He was hunched Mr. Gottesman said he also witnessed the shooting of another man, Irving Franklin, 74, who had tried to block Mr. Nosair's escape from the hotel room. Mr.

Franklin was shot in the leg.

After chasing Mr. Nosair into
the street, Mr. Gottesman said be saw the defendant in the back seat of a taxi. "I saw his face. I saw him lonk at me. I was scared. He was carrying pointing it at me.'

After Mr. Nosair was shot in a shootout with a postal officer, Mr. Gottesman said Mr. Nosair looked "serene, smiling slightly."

Earlier questioning by defence lawyers of a key witness regarding finances of the extremist rabbi was blocked by the judge. The defence was attempting to show that Kahane was murdered by someone close to him in his anti-Arah movement over a dispute about missing funds.

Israel Katz, 40, a Kahane supporter who was collecting money for the rabbi for a yeshiva in Israel, admitted on cross examination by defence lawyer Wilham Kunstler that until May, 1991 he had control of funds in one of two bank accounts for about three years.

But when Mr. Kunstler began to ask Mr. Katz a series of questions relating to a dispute he had regarding the "stealing of funds,"
Judge Alvio Schlesinger sustained most all of the prosecutor's

The judge called the defence's conspiracy theory nothing more than "a smoke screen... that was pure speculation."

# U.S. reviewing Iraq policy as election year nears

WASHINGTON (R) - The Uo- continuous. It's been going oo ited States said Monday it was reviewing its policy towards Iraq, which could be a weakness for President George Bush in the 1992 election campaign because Saddam Hussein remains in power in Baghdad.

Spokesman for the White House and the State Department did oot specifically deny a Washington Post story which said the Bush administration was considering a more aggressive campaign to force the overthrow of. President Saddam, who has survived the Gulf ware and unprecedented international sanctions.

But they reiterated the somewhat confusing U.S. position of expressing determination to keep intense pressure on Iraq so long as President Saddam remains in power, while insisting the policy is not aimed at a single person. State Department spokes-

the review was meant to ensure 'our policies are having the greatest effect possible." Saddam cannot be redeemed and all possible sanctions must be maintained as long as he is in

woman Margaret Tutwiler said

power. That is our standard policy," she told reporters. With Mr. Bush as he delivered an education speech io Col-umbus, Ohio, White House spokesman Marlio Fitzwater

echoed Ms. Tutwiler in affirming that an Iraq policy review was under way. But bke Ms. Tutwiler, be play-

ed it down, saying:
"The deputies committee conreview of the Iraq situation is leadership."

aimed at getting compliance with the U.N. resolutions, and that is our primary purpose. There is no U.N. resolution that authorises anything aimed at Saddam Hus-The Washington Post, quoting unidentified senior U.S. officials,

ever since the (Gulf) war. It's still

said administration proposals under review included giving Ira-qi rebels military training and spare parts, or helping to protect a provisional, alternative government which some insurgeots wanted to establish in northern

The newspaper said Mr. Bush, frustrated by the inconclusive eod to the Gulf war, faced new criticism from opposition Democrats in Coogress and challengers in oext year's presidential elections. But officials differed on

whether any plan to oust Presideot Saddam was worth the effort, the newspaper said, U.S. iotelligence experts believed the plans would fail, large-

ly because they depended upoo some degree of American leverage over internal Iraqi politics and some degree of cooperation among Iraqi rebel groups, the Asked if the Uoited States

planned to do something, Mr. Fitzwater said: "We don't comment on actions."

Asked about possible assistance to Iraqi rebels, he replied:
"We doo't discuss covert aid."

At the State Department daily tinues to review it (Iraq policy) all news briefing, Ms. Tutwiler the time. That's ongoing but asserted: "Our policy is that the there's no special review. Our Iraqi people deserve a new Iraqi

ing for a greater political say by

holding seminars and debates on

tioo pledges justice, freedom and equality for all citizens, Kuwaiti

women have no vote and cannot

Although the Kuwaiti constitu-

# Thatcher backs Kuwaiti women's political rights Kuwaiti women have been press-

KUWAIT (R) - Former British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher, challenging Kuwait's traditional male-oriented society, has said women there should have the right to a voice and a role in

Mrs. Thatcher, on a four-day visit to the emirate, said the active and vital role of Kuwaiti women in resistiog Iraq's sevenmonth occupation of their country had earned them the right to

be part of political life. The Kuwaiti women have been active, hrave and played an important role during the (Gulf) war. They must get the right to vote and play s political role," she

Mrs. Thatcher, held in high regard by the ruling Al Sabah family was touching on what is a sensitive issue in Knwait. Since the Gulf war ended.

become ministers. The highest-racking women are assistant under-secretaries. They cannot be diplomats,

to run a diwaniyah.

judges, or prosecutors. Mrs. Thatcher, feted io Kuwait for her support at the start of the Gulf crisis, was speaking at a diwaniyah - a traditional venue where meo meet to discuss poli-

tics and business. It was organised by Rasha Al Sabah, a strong and outspoken woman, who rebelled against the norms of her country to become

the first and only Kuwaiti woman

# MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

## Uranium found in iraq not of local origin

UNITED NATIONS (R) — United Nations inspectors have found traces of highly enriched weapons-grade uranim in the environment around an Iraqi nuclear facility which they do not think Iraq produced, according to a report circulated here Monday. Iraq denied having produced or acquired such material. The source of the enriched uranium remains an important open issue still under investigation, the report said. It gave details of an inspection conducted by experts from the Vienna-based International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) between Oct. 11 and 22. This was the seventh probe of Iraqi nuclear facilities under a Security Council resolution adopted after the Gulf war calling for the location and scrapping of Baghdad's nuclear potential and weapons of mass destruction. Detailing finding at a ouclear centre 30 kilometres south of Baghdad, the report said: "Evidence of uranium enriched to 93 per cent has persistently shown up in samples collected in and near Al Tuwaitha (at four different locations). This material is... unlikely to be a product of the Iraqi enrichment programme. The Iraci authorities deny ever acquiring or producing such material. This important issue is still open and under investigation." The report said additional samples of the material were taken for that purpose. U.N. ouclear experts have estimated that Iraq was about a year or so away from being able to produce a nuclear weapon.

### Besharati in talks with Omani ruler

NICOSIA (R) — Iranian First Deputy Foreign Minister Ali Mohammad Besharati met Sultan Qaboos in Muscat on Monday, the Iranian news agency IRNA reported. It said Sultan Qaboos told Mr. Besharati Oman was interested in broadening its relations with Iran in all fields. "Besharati emphasised that cooperation among the regional states... will result in stability and security of the 'Persian Gulf regioo," it said. Mr. Besharati arrived in Muscat Monday with a message for Snltan Qaboos from Iranian President Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani, IRNA said.

### iran links arms ship and pipeline plan

NICOSIA (R) — A dispute between Turkey and Iran over an impounded shipload of arms raised doubts about a plan to pump tranian oil and gas to Europe across Turkish territory, the Iranian news agency IRNA said Monday. An IRNA commentary said more than a month had passed since Turkish authorities "illegally" seized the 2,700-tonne Cyprus-registered Cape Maleas with its shipment of arms for Iran. Iran had tried to resolve the dispute through diplomatic channels but "the different power centres in Ankara" were schemiog to frustrate its "good-neighbourly efforts," it added. "It is worth reflecting for officials and people in Turkey not to overlook the damage which is likely to afflict their country through factional or individual position-takings," it said. The commentary said Turkey had for a long time been urging Iran "to use Turkish soil as a transit route for Iranian oil and gas pipelines to Europe." IRNA said President Turgut Ozal formally raised the matter during a visit to Turkey by President Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani. "The multi-billion project, which could uplift Turkey's sagging economy, was expected to top plans for economic cooperation between the two Muslim neighbours, but the seizure of the Cape Maleas raises a oumber of unanswered questions." it added. "How can the Turkish government guarantee to keep such trunklines open?" it asked. Turkey closed Iraq's oil export pipelines through its territory last year after Iraqi troops invaded

5-2-3-C-

- T. W. ...

270

2 4 3422 3

the exercises

: 2 :::::

28

272 C. . . .

120 1

9.555 C

Company (en e

222

la Colombia

320

Berging

tour of

iz serie

Z 70 00

ile za an i

Posium

Per Popul

Same and the

g and a

13 m 15

Maria Carrier

200

FAM:

1

A ... AND BUTE

### Saudi Arabia supports Washington talks

NICOSIA (R) — Saudi Arabia expressed support on Monday for U.S. proposals to resume Middle East peace talks in Washington next week. A government spokesman, quoted by the Saudi Press Agency (SPA), said the kingdom had a "constant interest in the success of efforts to establish a comprehensive and just peace in the Middle East." He wished participants all success in their talks, proposed for Dec. 4. Arab-Israeli peace talks opened in Madrid on Oct. 30 but were adjourned several days later without agreement on when or where the next stage would take place.

# Rebel Kurds kill soldier near Istanbul

ISTANBUL (R) - A group of rebel Kurds attacked a gendarmerwounding five others, the semi-official Anatolian news agency reported Tuesday. The rebels hurled explosives into the station in Pasakoy district and then raked it with gunfire. Unidentified callers to Istanbul newspapers claimed the attack on behalf of the Kurdish Workers Party (PKK), which has been fighting for an independent state for Turkey's 10 million Kurds since 1984. More than 3,300 people have died in PKK-related violence.

## Sutherland returns to U.S.

DALLAS (R) - Former Lebanese hostage Thomas Sutherland cheerful and grinning broadly, arrived Monday in the United States to join the rest of his family for Thanksgiving, the traditional American holiday for feasting and giving thanks. Mr. Sutherland, freed eight days ago after nearly six and a half years in captivity. told reporters at the Dallas/Fort Worth airport that his doctors were more concerned than be was about a stomach nicer that had delayed his departure from the medical facility at Wiesbaden air base in Germany. He was accompanied on the flight from Frankfurt by his wife, Jean, and their two younger daughters. Mr. Sutherland, who looked pale and bad a cold sore oo his lip acknowledged he had "been quite ill, once or twice," during his captivity "with vomiting and diarrhoea." Scottish-born Sutherland, a naturalised U.S. citizen, was dean of agriculture at American University of Beirut wheo he was kidnapped in June 1985.

## Women welcome to fly Turkish airliners

ISTANBUL (R) - Turkey is for the first time recruiting female pilots to fly passenger planes. "We need new pilots and women are more than welcome to apply," Engin Oktemer, a spokesman for state-run Turkish Airlines, said. "We are no longer discriminating. If men can fly jet aircraft, why not women?" Mr. Oktemer said the airline, in operation since 1933, is looking for women pilots through advertisements.

### JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

PROGRAMME TWO
18:00 Le Mond est a Vous
19:00 News in French
19:15 Azimut
19:30 News in Hebrew
29:00 News in Arabic
20:30 Kate and allie
21:10 Cosrgos
22:60 News in English
22:20 Equal Justice
•
PRAYER TIMES
04:45 Fajr
G6:09 (Sunrise) Duba
11:23 Dhula
14:13 'Ası
16-36

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590.

les of God Church, Tcl.

637440.

De la Salle Church Tel. 661757

Terrasunta Church Tel: 622366

Church of the Aussaciation Church Tel. 625383, Tel. Anglican 628543. Armente 771331. Orthodox Church Tel. aim Charch Tel. 771751. International Charch Tel. 685326 The Church of Jesus Christ of Lutter-Day Salats Tel. 823824, 654932. ch of the Nazarene Tel. 675691.

WEATHER Bulletin supplied by the Department of

The Kingdom will be under the effect of unstable weather conditions Wednesday. Therefore, clouds increase gradually and there will be a chance for scattered showers of rain. A drop in temperatures is expected and winds will be westerly moderate. In

# **JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR**

Deserts	Khalifeh pharmacy 985417
Yesterday's high temperatures: Am- man 24, Aqaba 29. Humidity readings:	EMERGENCIES
Amman 27 per cent, Agaba 21 per cent.	Food Control Centre
<b>USEFUL TELEPHONE</b>	Rescue 630341
NUMBERS	Civil Defence Emergency
NIGHT DUTY	Blood Bank
AMMAN:	Highway Police
Dr. Abdul Qader Al Lala 696048	Public Security Department
Dr. Ghaleb Zawaideh 1 736123	Hotel Complaints 605800
Dr. Rizq Abu Zeineh	Price Complaints 661176
First pharmacy	Water and Sewerage Complaints 997467 Amman Municipality Complaints 787111
Al Asema pharmacy 637055	Complaints 787111
Nairoukh pharmacy 623672	Leiconone information
Ai Salam pharmacy	(directory assistance)
Stracisaci pharmacy	Overseas Calls
IRRID:	Repairs
Dr. Abdul Majood Sabahin ()	Central Amman Telephone Repairs

Radio Jordan .... Water Authority Jordan Electricity Authority ... 815615 Electric Power Company 08-53200

Company 08-53200

Company 08-53200

Queen Alia latt. Airport 08-53200 HOSPITALS AMMAN:

664171/4 State San Hospital
University Hospital
Al-Massher Hospital
The Islamic, Abdali . 669131 664164/6 hir, J. Ashrufich 891611/15 neon Alia Hospital mal Hospital Zarqa Govt. Hospital ..... Zarqa National Hospital ... Iba Sina Hospital ...... Al Hikna Modern Hospital .... (09)983323 (09)900560 (09)986732

Princess Basme Hospital Greek Catholic Hospital Ibo Al Nafees Hospital AQABA: Princess Haya Hospital ...... FOR THE TRAVELLER QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT This information is supplied by Roya Jordanian (RJ) information depart resumman (RI) information depart-ment at the Oveen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)55200-5, where it should always be verified.

> Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) ... Jeddah (RJ) Disalman (RJ) 09:36 09:30 Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ) 16:50 Istanbul (RJ) Madrid, Rome (RJ)

..... Paris, Geneva (RJ) .. London, Brussels (RJ) Other Flights (Terminal 2)

DEPARTURES

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) ... Amsterdam, New York . Cairo RII 19:45 20:10 20:10 New Delhi (RJ)
Riyadh (RJ)
Abu Dubai, Dubai (RJ) **20:30** 

Other Flights (Terminal 2)

er price in fils per kg. 690f 500 500 / 450 mmar) ...... 530 / 500 850 / 650 160 / 120 220/ 170 Ozion (dry) ..... Pepper (hot) .... Pepper (sweet) .... Potato ...... 270 / 230 420 / 360 160 / 120

# Seminar on nursing issues concludes

tion of the state 

AMMAN (J.T.) — A seminar organised by the Institute for Specialised Nursing Studies (ISNS) in Jordan ended in Am-

an integral part of the institute's aching programmes, reviewed national and international issues affecting nursing education and nursing services in Jordan. It was organised to provide a better understanding of the role of nurses and midwives in developed and developing countries.

A number of Jordanian and international experts participated in the seminar which concluded with a lecture by JoAnn Harrison, wife of the U.S. ambassador to Jordan, on "The History and Role of the Community Health Nurse in the U.S.."

The theme of Mrs. Harrison's lecture was of special importance to Jordan because the main objective of the ISNS is to prepare Jordanian nurses and midwives for community health ser-

tan be dan be dan be desire leas be desire desire

er one

D\$2, 1.

n mga oil ar

)za iz

idem i

h could

s oil :

DOPS to

1 1 25

e Sere!

a peare

n theat

in Ma

13. 200

the siz

VIEL.

2 18 -

1

علية وا

iur 🥳



Military attaches accredited to Jordan yesterday media in the Kingdom and the operations visited the Jordan Times for a briefing on the role of Jordan Press Foundation.

# Discovery of church leads to excavation for whole city at Petra

By Serene Halasa Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The discovery of a 4th century Byzantine church in Petra has paved the way for the unearthing of a whole Nabatean, Roman Byzantine city buried under sand, according to an American archaeologist.

"The actual city of Petra lies in the centre of the valley or what is known as Wadi Moussa," said Dr. Kenneth Russell. the American arcbaeologist who first discovered the re-mains of the church. "Minimally it dates to the fifth century, but we think it could well be the fourth because it fits with the ecclesiastic history of Petra."

Dr. Russell, an employee with the American Centre for Orient Research (ACOR), said that this served as the capital of the third Palestine province, which included areas in the Neiaf and Sinai as well as areas south of the city of Karak. The city continued to serve as the capital of the province until the sixth century, the time of Islamic con-

"This city was buried with sand from earthquakes and drift sand over the 1000 plus years when the city was abandoned," Dr. Russell said.

The first indication that such a city existed came with the discovery of a paved road. "Bit by bit we are discovering parts of this ancient buried city, said Dr. Russell, who first made the formal recording of the church in 1990 during his post-doctoral research trip to

The actual location of the church has not been revealed for security purposes, hnt according to Dr. Russell, this church might have been the principal church of the pro-

"It is a large church the size of a cathedral. It is 30 metres in length and 18 in width and its walls appeared to be standing two to three metres," Dr. Russell said.

He added that the ceiling and walls of the church were covered by glass mosaics that have started to peel off because of the natural decomposition of structure.

He said that the fine quality of the mosaics found around the area where the discovery was made could easily be compared to the mosaics of the famous St. Catherine Church in Sinai, Egypt, and many even pre-date it.

"The qualify of the mosaics rivals some of the finest mosaics found in the world,"

ited Nations to offer belp in

stemming Israel's ongoing efforts

to exploit the waters of the rivers

Jordan, Yarmonk and Litany,

and to steal the underground and

Several working papers pre-

sented to the symposium dealt with Israel's continued stealing of

Arab water in Palestine. One of

the papers said that Israel's water

needs in 1995 will be nearly 1,880

million cubic metres, with a de-

ficit of 170 million cubic metres

annually. Yet, Israel did not take

this into account as it pressures

the absorption of bundreds of

thousands of Jews from the

Soviet Union who will boost

Israel's population by three mil-

lion by the end of the present

clear that Israel was looking to-

wards stealing Arab water to

meet its population challenge. The paper also noted that Israel's

wars on the Arabs have always

been motivated by its needs for

The last session tackled work-

ing papers dealing with the poli-tical dimension of the region's

water and its impact on the cur-

rent initiative to achieve a lasting

more water.

peace in the region.

The paper also found that it is

century, the paper noted.

surface water of Palestine.

Dr. Russell said. "If the church actually dates to the fourth century, then the mosaics are the earliest church mosaics found anywhere in the world."

Dr. Russell also said that the quality of the mosaics confirms that they must have been done during the economie highpoints of the fourth century, since the city of Petra went into economie decline in the fifth and sixth centuries.

"We need to excavate and save the mosaics at the same time," Dr. Russell said. "And because the mosaics are peeling off, we will need to pull them from the backside and this is a very expensive and delicate process."

In cooperation with the Ministry of Planning and the Ministry of Tourism and Antiquities, a sum of \$475,000 was secured from USAID to pay for the specialised equipme needed for excavation, in addition to acquiring a highlytrained and experienced mosaic staff to handle the delicate process of pealing and

conserving the mosaics. Mosaie experts will he brought in from the Getty Institute as well as the Ravenna Institute, which deals with Byzantine churches in northern Italy.

"They have experience dealing with wall and ceiling mosaics," Dr. Russell said. 'And they are also experts in the cultivation and conservation of mosaics."
Dr. Russell, who will bead

the core team of the excavation expedition scheduled to start in May 1992, said he hoped that the core team would include Jordanian archaeologists such as Dr. Khyriah Amr from the Department of Antiquities and Dr. Ghazi Bisheh, the forme director of the Department of Antiquities. The team will also include Dr. Robert Schick, a specialist in early church discovery in Jordan and Dr. Zbigniew Fiema, a specialist in economics and administration of Byzantine province of third Palestine province.

The project is expected to last between one to two years in which delicate excavation will be done around the area to stabilise the building, conserve the mosaics and build a structure around the church to protect it from natural element.

The discovery of the church will certainly enhance touristic attraction to Petra. "Many tourists come to Petra, but all they see are magnificently carved tomh facades," Dr. Russell said. "Once the excavation is under way, the findings will not only be a national treasure for Jordan, but indeed a world treasure."

# Jordan reiterates importance of implementing U.N. resolutions

NEW YORK (Petra) — Jordan bas told the United Nations General Assembly that the peace process which started in Madrid does not conflict with the United Nations efforts to settle the Arab-Israeli conflict as both aim to achieve a lasting and just peace in

the region.
Jordan's U.N. ambassador, Abdullah Salah, said that the Madrid peace conference and all the efforts exerted earlier to belp achieve peace based on justice and international legitimacy have reaffirmed the importance of implementing U.N. Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338. He reaffirmed the importance of the United Nations role in implementing those resolutions to bring about an exchange of land for peace, to enable the Palestinians to regain their political and

legitimate rights and to ensure peace and security for all nations of the region.

At the same time, the Israeli leaders are continually showing intransigence and opposition to peace by holding on to the occupied Arab territories in violation of U.N. principles and the U.N. charter, Mr. Salah said in an address to the assembly.

For a durable peace to be established, Israel is required to withdraw from all the occupied Arab lands, including Arab Jerusalem, and halt the settlement programme in Arab lands, he said. It must also recognise the Palestinian people's rights in their homeland, Mr. Salah said.

As the U.N. General Assembly is ending its discussions on the Palestine issue during the present session, its members are called

rights of the Palestinian people, including the right to selfdetermination on their national soil, Mr. Salah added.

He said that there is an urgent need for reaching a just and durable settlement to the Arab-Israeli conflict and a just solution to the Palestine problem on the basis of the U.N. charter and international legitimacy.

Mr. Salah said that the Madrid

peace conference represents a serious effort and a new initiative on the road to finding a just solution to the problem and the implementation of U.N. resolu-

The peace process is a real test tional law and rules, he said.

The Arab countries directly

for the world community to reaffirm the dominance of interna-

involved in the Arab-Israeli conflict, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon and Egypt as well as the Palestine Liberation Organisation, bave all accepted U.N. resolutions. Those resolutions call for the withdrawal of Israeli forces from lands occupied since 1967, the right for all countries in the region to live in peace and security within recognised borders, the acceptance by the Palestinians of two states on Palestinian soil, a solution to the refugee problem in accordance with U.N. General Assembly resolution 194 of 1948 and halting construction of Israeli set-

tlements on Arab land. In contrast, Mr. Salah pointed out, Israel has violated all these resolutions and continued to drive out Arab citizens to build settlements and deprive the Palestinians of their rights.

# Federation of Jordanian Labour Unions vows to reject altered draft labour law

By Elia Nasrallah Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The Federation of Jordanian Labour Unions will not accept any change in the substance of the new draft labour law as was submitted to the Prime Ministry for approval, especially if there were changes in the fourth and 16th articles about arbitrary dismissal of workers and the organisation of unions, according to federation Secretary General Abdul Halim Khaddam.

The federation's executive council conveyed this message to Minister of Labour Abdal Karim Al Kabariti during a meeting with him Monday and the minister bas promised to discuss the matter with the Legislative Council at the Prime Ministry. The minister said the council should restrict its work to mere drafting of the final version of the law, Mr. Khaddam said in a telephone

Mr. Kabariti's stand during the discussion of the new labour law and the question of organising unions and the arbitrary dismissal of workers was totally positive and he showed understanding of the federation's demands, Mr. Khaddam said.

He said that the federation council members made it clear at the meeting that the draft law in its original form as submitted to the Prime Ministry contained only the minimum demands of the workers, and therefore any change in its articles would not be acceptable to the federation.

In a statement Saturday Mr. Khaddam said that the Prime Ministry's Legislative Council passed a different version of the submitted draft in a manner considered as detrimental to workers' interests.

Mr. Khaddam said that to help pass the draft law, the

federation had reached a compromise with the Ministry of Labour about Article 16, which tackles the question of workers' dismissals. He said that the compromise was that a comittee comprising the employer, the ministry and the federation be set up to decide on dismissal questions with the

Bnt, he noted, the version coming out from the Prime Ministry ignored this com-promise and rendered the draft law unacceptable to the federa-

decision to be considered final.

The federation would rather have the old law remain in force rather than accepting the new draft in its distorted form, said Mr. Khaddam.

At the meeting, Mr. Kabar-iti was reported to have voiced his ministry's concern over the settlement of all labour issues. The current circumstances facing Jordan at the moment requires all to work strennously

to avoid any workers dismissals, especially in view of the problem of unemployment in Jordan, he said.

The Ministry of Labour will work hard to step the unemployment issue and problems related to the presence of non-Jordanian workers in Jordan, Mr. Kabariti said. He said that Jordan now employs 165,000 non-Jordanian workers, 21,000 of whom bave acquired work permits.

In his view, the Labour Ministry should reduce the number of non-Jordanian workers as a first step towards solving the problem of unemployment in Jordan. But, the minister said, the question of finding minimum wages for workers should be postponed

for the time being.

The executive council members urged the minister to move quickly towards dealing with these questions.



Andrew Clifford Larson

# **Celebration of Mozart to** reach climax with recital by first class pianists in Amman

By Jean-Claude Elias Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — With Mozart's year about to reach its climax on Dec. 5, Amman music lovers are treated to an unprecedented series of recitals and concerts, including not less than six important events, all to take place before Christmas.

Invited by the French Cultural Centre in Amman and the National Music Conservatory/ Noor Al Hussein Foundation. French Melisande Charrycan and German Andrew Clifford Larson, both celebrated and talented pianists will give a recital at the Royal Cultural Centre on today.

The sonata in D major KV 381 and the sonata in F major KV 497 are for the first part of the programme while sonata in B flat major KV 358 and the sonata in C major KV 521 will come in the second one. The four sonatas constitute the entire set of Mozart's piano sonatas for two performers — four Both Ms. Chauveau and Mr.

Larson are first class pianists who have studied piano since a very early age with great mas-ters of the keyboard. The even had some master classes with the same eminent professors like Nikita Magaloff, although not at the same time. Winners of perstigious awards, they bave recorded major piano works with companies like Pathe-Marconi, EMI and Arion.

On the occasion of Mozart's year, they have recorded the four abovementioned sonatas for Radio Berlin. Melisande Chanveau has a first prize from the Paris Conservatoire National Superieur de Musique, was a Fullbright fellow and attended the famous Juilhard School. Andrew C. Larson has performed in major music festivals, bas given numerous solo recitals and is the president of Chopin Society in Berlin.

During all 1991, concerts all over the world used to include at least one Mozart work, but today's recital by Melisande Chanveau and Andrew C. Larson is obviously all dedicated to the great Austrian composer. Placed under the sign of the Enropean Community. Mozart's bicentennial death commemoration has reached beyond Europe and has become a major world event.

# Jordanian delegation to outline Israeli human rights abuses at conference

and Red Crescent Societies in Irsheid said. Budapest, Hungary, and will submit a detailed report ontlining Israel's human rights violations in the occupied Arah territories, according to the head of the Jordanian delegation.

Adel Irsheid, director general of the Foreign Ministry's Palestiman Affairs Department, made the statement shortly before his departure for the Hungarian capital, where the week-long conference is being held. The conference will discuss a number of humanitarian questions of concern to all nations, said Mr. Irsheid in his statement at the

airport. The Jordanian delegation will submit to the conference, which is attended by delegates from more than 150 nations, a detailed report about Israel's continued East since 1967.

**LEXAN®** 

AMMAN (J.T.) - Jordan is human rights violations since it participating in a general confer- occupied the Arah lands in June ence Friday by world Red Cross of 1967 and until today, Mr.

> He said that the report exposes the Israeli authorities' inhuman and illegal practice such as mass arrests, tortures, show trials, confiscation of Arab lands, building of Jewish settlements on these lands, closure of schools and universities, clamping of curfews on cities and villages without discrimination and measures to force local Arab citizens to leave their homes and lands, which are being inhabited by Soviet Jews.

> The Palestine Affairs Department has been issuing regular reports about the conditions of Arabs under Israeli rule and the atrocities committed by the Israelis, and has been providing reports on the situation to various U.N. fact-finding missions which have been visiting the Middle

GENERAL ELECTRIC

# Symposium urges creation of regional bodies to coordinate water consumption

By Khalil Abdul Salam Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN --- A two-day symposium on the water problem in the Middle East ended in Amman Tuesday with the participants calling for the creation of specialised Arab and regional bodies to deal with the information and studies on the water resources of

The delegates to the meeting, organised by the Middle East Studies Centre, called on various participating countries to take part in the drafting of regional agreements based on international laws to safeguard each party's interests. They also urged the Arab League to work in concert with the concerned countries in this respect and to promote coordination among the countries of the region on the fair utilisation of water resources.

The delegates, from Arab countries in addition to Turkey and Iran, stressed the importance of promoting programmes to improve water utilisation systems to benefit irrigation, industry and electric power generation. They also encouraged cooperation to raise the efficiency of personnel and technicians working in the

water resources fields. The delegates also called for a pan-Arab dialogue to resolve the

### AMMAN (J.T.) — The speakers pressed the government's keenness of the Upper and Lower houses of Parliament Tuesday pledged water issues of the region and to

total cooperation with the govensure that agreements on water be part of the Arab Nation's ernment of Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker, noting that security. They called on the Unthey look forward to a fruitful cra that would best safeguard the national interests.

since Sharif Zeid took office last Thursday.

According to the Jordan News Agency, Petra, Sharif Zeid called

saying after the meeting that the

pression in a statement later onoted by the agency. He said together to serve the public that the prime minister had ex-

to promote fruitful cooperation

interest, he said.

minister upon forming the new government, His Majesty King Hussein stressed the fact that the two authorities should cooperate in accordance with the provisions of the constitution.

"I stress the fact that one authority complements the other and relationship should be based on cooperation and not on discord that could bring about imbalances and disrupt the work of the two authorities," the King said.

He said the two sides ought to together to serve the public and

# **Production Supervisor Wanted** The Bani Hamida Women's Weaving Project

is seeking a Jordanian female with 3 years experience in

 Production supervision and training. Field work (rural development setting).

Report writing

Applicant must be: Fluent in English and Arabic.

- Artistically inclined. - Very organised and reliable

 People oriented Qualified applicants please phone

658696/7

# Blast & Bullet- resistant glazing.

Increases security and ensures safety ...!

in addition we offer the full range of latest:

Close circuit T.V.
 Security systems

Fire alarm systems . Sound system For more information please call THE SECURITY PEOPLE,



Jordan Engineering System Contracting Co. Tel. 644914 Fax. 642430 Tix. 23707 P.O. Box: 728 Amman - Jordan

### Turkish delegation to consult with Jordanian unions dan and Turkey.

AMMAN (Petra) — A delegation representing the Turkish Workers Union arrived in Amman Tuesday on a week-long visit to Jordan.

The delegation will meet with leaders of Jordanian associations for talks on enhancing cooperation between the unions of Jor-

The delegation will also discuss with officials at the General Federation of Jordanian Labour Unions the issue of forming a nucleus of an Islamic labour federation to bolster ties among Muslim workers all over the world and to unify their stands on issues of interest to the Islamic world.

# Parliament speakers pledge to work with government

The pledges came during separate meetings the speakers held with the prime minister, the first

at Parliament House and met Senate Speaker Ahmad Al Lawzi, congratulating him on his speaker of the bouse for a new

two sides have stressed the need for promoting cooperation be-tween the legislative and executive authorities to protect nation-

appointment by the King as Sharif Zeid was quoted as

Mr. Lawzi gave a similar im-

between the two sides. Lower House speaker Ara-

biyat, who met the prime minister later, told Petra that they discussed cooperation between the executive and legislative authorities and the broad lines of Parliament work in the coming stage. The two sides have stressed their desire to understand and cooperate together in all issues of national

In his letter to the new prime

initiate a dialogue and work

# WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

## **EXHIBITIONS**

Art exhibition by Salwa Ammarin at the Royal Cultural Centre.

★ Exhibition of paintings by Farouq Lambaz at Alia Art Gallery. \* Photo exhibition entitled "The Natural Abstractions of Petra" at the French Cultural Centre. \* Exhibition entitled "The Blue Rider" at the Agaba Youth Club

# **LECTURES**

\* Lecture entitled 'French Archineological Work in Jordan Since 1975" by Jacques Seigne at the Goethe Institute - 7 p.m.

Chairman of the Board of Directors:

MAHMOUD AL KAYED

Director General:

MOHAMMAD AMAD

Editor-in-Chief: GEORGE S. HAWATMEH

Editorial and advertising offices:

Jordan Press Foundation.

University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

Telephones: 667171/6, 670141-4 Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO Facsimile: 661242

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

# Evasion is no solution

THE ONE-DAY symposium on protecting port of Aqaba from environmental pollution organised by the Jordanian Society for the Control of Environmental Pollution on Monday is a timely exercise to stem the growing threat to the city of Aqaba and its port. The society's president, former Prime Minister Ahmad Obeidat, summed up the pressing issue when he stressed the argent need to protect the shores and waters of Aqaba and their precions fauna and flora from the increased use of the port and the rise of industrialisation on its banks. One does not have to be an expert on environmental matters to realise that Aqaba is polluted in spite of our attempts to put a brave face on it. A representative of the Friedrich Naumann Foundation attending the meeting emphasised that vessels docking at the port, especially oil tankers, contribute substantially to the pollution of the waters of Aqaba. He estimated that such ships dump an average of five million tonnes of waste annually despite the national and international regulations against such sources of pollutants. The director of the Marine Science Station in Aqaba added his voice to those who called for urgent remedial measures to reverse the pollution problem. He referred to phosphate dust falling on Aqaba and its waters during the loading of phosphate on ships as a very serious source of pollution that also interferes with flora life in the Gulf of Aqaba as a whole. He also pointed the finger on oil tankers as major culprits.

The alarm about the menacing pollution problem in Agaba and its environs contrasted with some official denials that the waters of Aqaba and its shores suffer from pollution. But such non-recognition of the dangers looming in the borizon would not and should not distract the attention of the government from starting to take the entire subject more seriously. After all, Aqaba is Jordan's only outlet to the sea and offers the country a unique resort in seasons that cannot be matched elsewhere.

Closing our eyes therefore to the looming threat to the city of Aqaba and its waters and shores will not remove them nce. Better accept the tact that darigers to Aqaba do in fact exist, and the sooner the pollution phenomenon there is tackled head on, the better it is for all of us. Jordan is blessed with the necessary legislation on combating pollution everywhere and if such laws are not sufficient to cope with the unique problems of Aqaba then the government needs to introduce new laws on the subject as a matter of high priority. No doubt the Jordanian Society for the Control of Environmental Pollution can lend support to the government in such an endeavour. Meanwhile the society deserves to be commended for highlighting and bringing to the attention of the country this menacing issue.

## **ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES**

AL RA'I Arabic daily Tuesday attacked those voices which, it said, were trying to cast suspicion on Jordan's position and warned such elements against the consequences of their designs. The paper said there are elements inside and ontside the country which are trying to outbid Jordan by levelling false accusations against the Kingdom. It stressed that such voices were raised because Jordan was trying to attain a lasting settlement to the Arab-Israeli dispute on the basis of U.N. Security Council resolutions and the international legitimacy. The paper said that Jordan has been a staunch advocate of Arah causes and has, since 1948, fought hard to protect Arah interests, therefore, it can by no means allow anyone to throw suspicion or doubt about its national stand. Jordan was involved in the 1948, 1967 and 1973 wars helping other Arah countries and defending Arab soil; during the Gulf crisis, Jordan called for reasonable solution and for settling the dispute by peaceful means, the paper said. It said that Jordan is now trying to regain the usurped Arab lands, but will not accept peace at any price and will strive hard to ensure the return of Arab rights. It will not allow hostile forces to stand in the way or to try to lecture it on nationalism. The daily said democracy in Jordan can by no means allow such voices to abuse freedom and the democratic process in the country. Democracy, added the paper, can by no means offer hostile and evil forces a protecting umbrella for their evil actions.

A columnist in Al Ra'i Arabic daily Tuesday said that Washington's differences with the Jewish state are real and not only a manoeuvre like what many people in the Arab World believe.

Abdul Rabim Omar said that Israel is not useful for the West any more protecting Western interests in the face of a communist bloc simply because such bloc does not exist any more. Abdul Rahim Omar said that now the Eastern Bloc has collapsed, there is no fear of any movement in the Arab World against the West, especially as America has secured the allegiance of most of the Arab regimes and ensured their cooperation in any military adventure like that which took place in the Gulf. Israel is no more wanted to provide protection to the rear of the NATO alliance because the cold war is over and the fear of Soviet hegemony exists no more, the writer said. He said that America's interests are unlike those of the Jewish state which is now trying to win over the world markets from Japan and the united Europe. The United States, the writer added, can by no means allow Israel to compete with it in ensuring domination of Arab oil resources for example. He said that current U.S.-Israeli differences over the settlement of the Arab-Israeli conflict are real and could cause further complications in the relationship between the two sides in

# From wimps to warriors

By Anthony Sampson

THE arms trade has always thrived on secrecy and unaccountability. Its most successful practitioners bave remained in the shadows and, if they come into the limelight, like the Saudi dealer Adnan Khashoggi, it is after they have conducted their main business. Normally, the big arms deals are only revealed to the public after the weapons have been delivered and when it is too late to stop them.

The Western media, which have often been influential in other fields of investigation, bave been ineffective in hreaking through this secrecy to report arms sales. And since anyone interested in controlling weapons must be concerned with using the media as a means of mobilising making the case for control — we need to understand wby the

media have been so reluctant. Arms deals provide dramatic contemporary world politics and can change the balances of power. The arming Saddam Hussein by Western countries after he had clearly emerged as a potential enemy; was a historic diplomatic blunder. Why did news of these deals, which were known to the damage had been done?

The first problem rests with the nedia. Traditionally, any reportpreserve of defence corresponinformation and their status from They are carefully cultivated by offices of the Defence Exports

generals and admirals: they are flown free of charge to distant bases and trouble-spots on RAF planes. Inevitably, most of them are reluctant to offend the services which provide so many of their indispensable sources.

There is also a political problem. In Britain, the Labour Party is theoretically opposed to the arms trade, but the majority of Labour MPs are unwilling to pursue the argument in detail because arms exports help provide jobs, many of them in northern or Scotish constituencies which are Labour strongholds. The actual numbers of defence-related jobs may be small, but the arms companies have a lobbying-power out of proportion to their size.

There is also the macho problem. This affects male politicians and journalists who are reluctant to depict themselves in a role and channelling information — to depict themselves in a role and also as a political platform for which could be regarded as pacifist or wimpish. The great majority of campaigners against arms sales are women. They include the remarkable group who have stories which lie at the heart of organised the Campaign Against the Arms Trade (CAAT) in London; and such formidable academic opponents as Emma Rothschild of King's College Cambridge and Mary Kaldor of Sussex University. But the world of defence and defence journalism remains dominated by men; thousands of people beforehand, editors are inclined to regard not reach the public until after protests against the arms trade as part of 'women's subjects.'

All of these factors have lieditorial structure within the mited the motivation of the media to investigate arms deals; ing about weapons has been the these require unusual perseverance and resources to penetrate dents who derive most of their their secrets. The government arms dealers who are responsible their closeness to the military. for most of the business, from the

tected by the Official Secrets Act and by their own sense of patriotism. Their links with the intelligence agencies fortify them furth-

There have been very few 'whistleblowers' from within the arms-sales business, chiefly because of the character of the people who go into it in the first place. And without such whistleblowers, the media need far greater resources and motivation they are provide their own oversight of the arms trade.

Yet it has never been so important to reveal it. The end of the cold war provides a nnique opportunity for agreements on

Eastern Europe, waiting to be bought by arms dealers at knockdown prices. The Middle East appears within sight of a peace agreement; the Gulf War provided a terrifying object-lesson on the dangers of arming an enemy. But the West resumed

selling weapons to every majorbuyer except Iraq as soon as the Gulf war was over. The major powers are now giving some support to the prop-osal for a register of arms trans-

fers to be kept by the United Nations: a proposal first promoted by Gro Brandtland in Norway, supported by Eduard Shevardnadze from the USSR and disarmament; it also provides a now taken up by other leaders nightmare of huge arsenals of including John Major from Bri-

Services Organisation (DESO) in London's Soho Square, are pro- the former Soviet Union and Japan. But monitoring any official register of this kind will depend on far greater public in-terest and much more information from unofficial sources to provide some check on the truthfulness of governments.

Within the Third World, the

need for disclosure of arms exports is even more critical. The World Bank and richest donors, headed by Japan, have a last begun to link aid to developing countries to limiting their arms prodution and exports. This is an attempt to cut back the escalating arms race and arms selling, particularly in Asia and, above all, in China, which has become a major arms seller to the Middle East, including Iran and Iraq.

But any attempt to restrict

arms spending and selling calls for much more public awareness in these countries. The case of China, permanent member of the Security Council which depends critically on aid from Japan and the U.S., is particularly significant: any agreement on an arms register and subsequent arms control depends on pressurising China. Diplomats and observers have been pessimistic about internal Chinese pressure, yet there are some indications of growing concern within China, as illustrated by the recent showing of Major Barbara, Bernard Shaw's play about the arms trade.

The involvement of the media, whether in the developing or the developed world, is essential to any pressure to restrict the arms trade. For arms selling still needs secrecy to protect it: the most irresponsible acts of governments, like the U.S.-Irangate conspiracy, or the European sales to Iraq, would never have been allowed if they had been submitted to Parliament or Congress. And the media, once motivated and equipped, can do much to increase disclosure and mobilise public opinion, as they have shown, for instance, in publicising 'Prisoners of Conscience' for Amnesty International.

25 7 1 22

There in

ENTER SE

STATE OF

102 222

ME ATOM

27152277

A PARST

arite cen

a zi to No.

spine m.

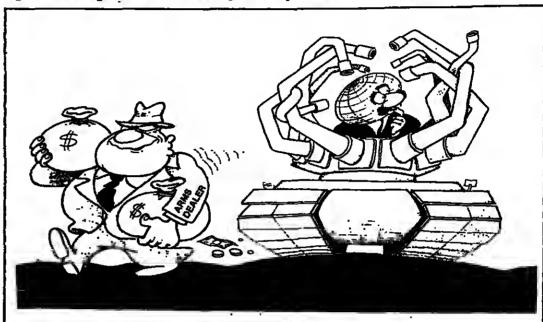
U.S.

Ered from

Comment.

alar a

The media, with their own traditional bias towards military sources and war reporting, are unlikely to mobilise themselves as effective monitors of arms sales without external pressure. Only a major change in the political scene, together with more effective institutions dedicated to arms control, are likely to make newspapers and television as interested in preventing wars as they are in reporting them. -Index on Censorship.



# Economic woes strain race relations in United States

By Bernd Debusmann Renter

WASHINGTON - Hard economic times are pushing race relations from bad to worse in the shrinking economic pie.

As the recession hites into insome experts say that black and Hispanic Americans at the bottom of the economic pile could become scapegoats for the frustration felt by whites who reset support programmes for minor-

Even before more than 700,000 white Americans in Louisiana -55 per cent — this month voted for a former Ku Klux Klan leader who blamed economic bardship job. on government handouts to

friction from one end of the colour spectrum to the other. In Washington, tension be-

tween blacks and Hispanics flared into riots on such a large scale United States, where white that parts of the U.S. capital were Americans and rapidly expanding placed under a dusk-to-dawn curminorities are competing for a few for several days last May. Long-standing animosity be-

tween blacks and Jews was thrown into focus in August by riots in New York triggered by a traffic accident in which a Hasidic Jew killed a seven-year-old black

incident, young blacks stabbed to death a Jewish scholar from Australia, wrecked Jewish shops and pelted the local headquarters of the Hasidic sect with stones chanting "Hitler didn't finish the

Other incidents that made hlacks, a string of incidents else- headlines in recent months pitted

blacks against Asians, Asians Externally, it will be the voted against him. against Hispanics and West Indians against blacks. The causes of racial conflict are

complex and diverse. In many

cases, issues of race and class But experts agree that the dismal state of the U.S. economy is · a key factor in straining relations between the components that make up America's multi-bued

society.
"Racial tension is always exacerbsted by economic prob- to eat. lems," said Harvard University sociologist Mary Walters. "There is an incredible danger that the response to economic hardship

will be scapegosting."
Ecboed Karen Dugger, a sociology professor at Pennsylvania's Bucknell University: "Politicians are looking for scapegoats. Internally, welfare the white vote. Mr. Duke lost

Japanese.

Mr. Dugger fears that the 1990s will be a decade of racial conflict as "minorities compete for the crambs at the bottom of the barrel and there are fewer and fewer crumbs to be bad."

Dismal economie statistics tell part of the story: Almost 24 million Americans - 10 per cent of the population - now are in such dire economic straits they depend on government assistance

Roughly 16 million are unemployed or underemployed. Hourly wages now stand below the level of 1973.

In the Nov. 16 elections for Louisiana governor, former klansman and Nazi sympathiser David Duke played on economie frustration to take 55 per cent of theaters have been singled out. because blacks overwhelmingly

class" - a phrase meaning blacks - for most of the country's prob-The central premise of government programmes to help poor blacks has been that the white majority shares a historic guilt for

Mr. Duke blamed what he cal-

led "the rising welfare under-

their descendants. But opinion polls and a series of elections show that most whites now feel there has been enough restitution for 200 years

past wrongs against slaves and

of slavery and another century of legal discrimination.

Hiring guidelines that allot a set number of jobs for minorities, considered reverse discriminatison by many, have run into fierce

In San Francisco, for example. a programme to promote black and Hispanic firefighters prompted a veteran fireman, eligible for promotion as a Hispanic but not as a white, to declare himself. Hispanic after 16 years of being classified as white. He had an Italian father and a Spanish mother.

Critics of President George Bush and his predecessor, Ronald Reagan, bave accused them of having played to racial stereotypes with tactics that resembled those used by Mr. Duke.

They boil down to equating crime, drugs and abuse of the welfare system with blacks in the grim ghettoes of major .U.S. cities, where conditions have deteriorated steadily over the past two decades and now resemble those of Third World shims.

# Bahrain's Jews few but prosperous By Mariam Isa Arabia — the birthplace of Islam the biggest retail foreign ex-

Reuter

MANAMA - Arabs in traditional robes, turbaned Sikhs from India and casually dressed European tourists regularly crowd into the office of the only Jewish moneychanger in the Gulf.

Sitting at his desk in a corner behind Asian cashiers, Ezra Nonco, managing director of Bahrain Financing Company, peers through thick spectacles at Bahrainis who have stopped hy for cups of Arab tea and an

"It's a bit like a Kuwaiti diwaniya in here." he explains, referring to the traditional open house where people in the northern Gulf emirate gather to gossip about local issues.

Like others in Bahrain's small but prosperous Jewish community, Mr. Nonoo, 59, says he does not feel discriminated against. He has chosen to remain a citizen of an Arab state where he runs a lucrative family business and is a respected member of Bahrain's closely knit population of

"Here people come up to you in the street and say good morning ... if you go somewhere else knows you?" Mr. Nonoo said. We are Jews but we are also

Arabs. I don't see any disadvan-tages in being a Jew in Bahrain." Most Middle Eastern Jews emigrated after the creation of Israel in 1948 but small Jewish communities are still seattered throughout the Arab World.

Bahrain, widely regarded as the most socially tolerant Gulf Arab state, is the only Arabian peninsula country besides Yemen which has Jewish nationals. Unlike neighbouring Saudi

- the island hosts several churchange firm on the island and has ches as well as Sikh and Hindu temples where foreigners can practice their religion.

Bahraini Jews, who emigrated from Iraq more than a century ago, say their synagogue burned down shortly after Palestine was partitioned — a period of unrest throughout the Arah World.

But members of the tiny community, which bas shrunk to about 40 from 500 in 1948, says they are not very religious. High holidays like Yom Kippur are cele-

"I studied in London for seven years and during that time I visited the synagogue two or three times," said Rouben Roubens, whose family owns one of Bahrain's biggest electronics

"I don't feel that I am out of place. I grew up here, I was born here, I have never been given the opportunity to feel otherwise," said 37-year-old Roubens. Meir Nonco, Ezra's 50-year-

old brother, admitted that be sometimes encountered resentment because of his background. But he added: "We are all well off. If there were real problems, or discrimination, we would leave —it would be no problem to pack up and go. It's oun' choice to

Ezra, who frequently travels to neighbouring Gulf states on business, said he had once met an Abu Dbabi immigration official who asked him incredulously if he "I replied, yes, what do you

mean? He took me through customs and out of the airport, apologising and saying he just wanted to know if there were Jews in Bahrain," Ezra said. Bahrain Financing Company is

business relationships in neighbouring Gulf states.

Because of the limited size of their community, most Bahraini Jews look for spouses when they travel or study overseas. Families with young women have emi-grated while young men simply bring their Jewish wives home. "I'm not worried about finding

a wife, it's not on my mind right now," said Saleh Yadgsr, 31. Yadgar spent 17 years in New York with relatives but returned to Bahrain in 1985 to help his father run a perfume shop in the island's bustling souk (Market). "It took about six months to adjust to the slow pace of life but now when I visit New York I'm happy to leave — you can walk anywhere bere without being afraid," he said.

Other Jewish families seem to share this philosophy. "I didn't really want to live in

America after ten years - I don't want my daughter to go to a school where she would turn to using drugs or come home with swear words," Meir said. "I came back because it was the atmosphere I was brought up

in. We try to say we are Westernised but our ways are still eastern." Mr. Roubens said. None of the Jews interviewed said they wanted to go to Israel at least not until it made peace

with Arab states.
"We don't feel it's right to visit Israel while there is tension with Arab countries - we don't necessarily believe that we should live there or that Israel should not observe the rights of Palestinians," said Mr. Meir.

This is just speaking as a human being, it has nothing to do with politics."

# Nuclear proliferation may be slowing, experts say

By Charles Aldinger

WASHINGTON - The prolif- that both Argentina and Brazil eration of nuclear arms may be slowing worldwide despite recent reports that Iran and North Korea are pushing to develop such weapons, according to defence experts.

The private analysts cite steps in the past year by potential nuclear powers South Africa, Brazil and Argentina to join the non-proliferation movement and growing U.N. willingness to crack down on nations bent on getting the bomb. "Despite publicity involving

Iran, Iraq and North Korea, the race to become nuclear has slowed. The world has been more successful than one would guess in pushing non-proliferation," said Jack Mendelsohn of the U.S. Arms Control Association. There is an international stig-

ma afoot attached to nuclear arms. Most nations realise that getting the bomb would alienate the world from them," Mr. Mendelsohn said. The United States, the Soviet

Union, China, Britain and France are known to have nuclear weapons. Israel is widely reported to have a such arms. India has tested a device and Pakistan is believed to have the components and ability to build a

But South Africa recently signed the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty and agreed to international inspections. Last November, Brazil and Argentina promised to limit their nuclear development to peaceful purposes and to submit to inspections by each other.

"It was known that South Afri- allegations. ca could have become a member of the (nuclear) club at will and had advanced technology," said John Pike of the Private Federa-

tion of American Scientists. "There appears to be some brightening on the horizon," said former U.S. Defence Secretary Harold Brown while warning that any success by North Korea to build a nuclear weapon could immediately threaten a catastrophic war in Southeast Asia,

Mr. Brown said he was heartened by U.N. Security Council willingness to use threats in forcing Iraq to undergo international arms inspections after Baghdad's defeat by a U.S.-led international coalition in the Gulf war.

"I would not be surprised to see an eventual move in the United Nations to discuss using force against North Korea's nuclear programme unless it allows international inspections," Mr. Brown told Reuters.

Harvard Professor Joseph Nye. an expert on Third World proliferation of missile technology, said he was encouraged by South Africa, Brazil and Argentina, and noted that virtually all Latin American nations but Cuba have signed the treaty of Tlatelolco, which declares the region a nuc-

lear free zone. "The nuclear glass is either half empty or half full, depending on how you look at it," he said. "If weapons, it will make the situation extremely troubled for South

Korea and Japan." Iran has denied statements by U.S. officials that it was trying to develop nuclear weapons, perhaps with technical help from China. China also denied the of thousands of lives.

Defence Department spokesman Pete Williams told reporters that U.S. intelligence believed that Iran was still years away from developing a nuclear

Analysts agreed that the end of the cold war might be making it easier for the United States and other countries to pressure nations to abandon nuclear prog-"It is harder now for countries

to play Moscow and Washington off against one another," said Mr. Nye. He noted that Washington cut

off foreign aid to Pakistan in 1989 after President George Bush refused to certify to Congress that Pakistan did not bave a mudear "Before that, the United States

might have been very reluctant to take such action against a friend on the Soviets' southern flank," Non-proliferation advocates caution that if the nuclear genie is

to be kept effectively at bay, nations must crack down on their own high-tech industries to make sure that potentially dangerous technologies are not exported on purpose or accidentally.

"Germany has tightened ex-port controls after being embarrassed over use of German technology in the Libyan chemical weapons plant at Rabta," said North Korea gets nuclear Jon Wolfsthal of the Arms Control Association.

He and others said strict penalties against private companies would help dissuade those willing to turn their beads and make a fast dollar in a world where the push of a button could take tens

gran. c Signature. First Fact ליות אם שיים. 24 to 2027 die die rich

Territoria

# Yugoslav war embarrasses EC ahead of European union summit

By Patrick Worsnip

LONDON - Unable to stop Europe's worst conflict since World War II, the European Commonity has been gravely embarrassed by the carnage in Yugoslavia as it prepares to take on a common foreign policy and fence role.

Lord Carrington, chairman of m EC peace cooference on Yugoslavia, confessed on Monday to "frustration and irritation" over the warring factions' failure to respect a string of ceasefires arranged so far.

"Everyhody always says they're going to do something and then in the end they don't do it," the former British foreign secretary said in a radio inter-

Following the collapse of 13 EC ceasefire, the United Nations through its envoy Cyrus Vance brokered a 14th over the weekend but scattered fighting was reported on Monday.

Despite much talk of international peacekeeping forces, neither the EC nor the U.N. has been ready to wade into Yugoslavia and separate the fighting Serbs and Croats by force. They insist the Yugoslavs must stop shooting before outside forces go in.

"We can't keep the peace unless there's a peace to keep," is the refrain of most Western offi-

The refusal of the combatants

to be bound by ceasefire, the destruction of the Croatian city of Vukovar by Yugoslavia's Serbdominated federal army and its march towards Osijek, and reports of atrocities have left EC

diplomats in a defensive mood.
"It's made us look ineffective
in solving the crisis, but I'm not sure anyone could have solved " one said. "No one's come up with a plausible alternative to our policy. It makes people realise the limitations of European power."

The EC peace cooference, aimed at an amicable carve-up of Yugoslavia, has been backed

### **NEWS ANALYSIS**

more recently by community economie sanctions to try to stop the fighting, hut nothing has so far had any effect.

If the latest ceasefire works, the U.N. could send in a peace force, a move which France urged on Monday that the Security Council should io any case make as soon as possible.

If it fails, the community would like the council to impose an oil embargo, described hy Lord Carringtoo as "the one thing I think that would hurt the Yugoslav army." But non-aligned members are reluctant to set such a prece-

The civil war, massacres of civilians and streams of refugees, have come at the worst possible time

forced such suspicions. In addition, parliamentarians opposed to the talks caw the extension of

parliament's summer recess as a

step to prevent the Lower House

from serving as a sounding board

On the occupied West Bank, the

United States urged Israel and the

Palestinians to concentrate on a con-

crete vision of Palestinian self-rule.

Jordan and Israel discuss minor

adjustments to their border in the

Jordan Valley south of the Dead Sea

as a way of building mutual confi-

Palestinian negotiators were Mon-

Ghassan Al Khatib, a member of the

Palestinian team, before Tuesday's

Modai suggests loan plan

The United States should gradually

end economic aid to Israel as part of a deal to grant \$10 billion in loan

4 Rent & Sale

Many villas and apartments

are available for rent and

sale - furnished or untur-

Also many lots of land are

For further details, please

call

Estate

o u n

available for sale.

Tel. 810605, 810609.

nished.

U.S. announcement.

Washington also suggested that

for the community.

This was supposed to be the time for the EC to emerge as the heart of the new Europe, following the collapse of communism in the eastern half of the continent over the past two years.

Instead, Western governments have been flooded with protests, especially from the Croats and the powerful Croatian emigre lobby, that Europe has failed to stand up against what Zagreh says is a communist-dominated Serbia and federal army.

Croats from across Europe plan to demonstrate for Croatian independence io the Dutch town of Maastricht, where an EC summit on December 9-10 is due to agree a new treaty on European unioo, includiog a common fore-

ign and security policy.

Opioion in the EC is split between those who think a common policy, if adopted earlier, could have helped avert the Yugoslav crisis and those who say the crisis only goes to show how difficult it would be to apply such

Germany, backed by Italy and from outside the EC by Austria. has favoured giving diplomatie recognition to Croatia and Slovenia, whose independence declarations on June 25 sparked the crisis. Britain and some other states are dragging their heels.

Britain has argued that to recognise Croatia would imply the duty to give it military aid agaiost attack by Serbia, much as Western states came to the rescue of Kuwait after it was invaded by Iraq in August, 1990.

But most Western states feel that the rights and wrongs of the Serbo-Croat dispute are much less clear-cut than in Kuwait and there are no vital Western oil interests there to defend.

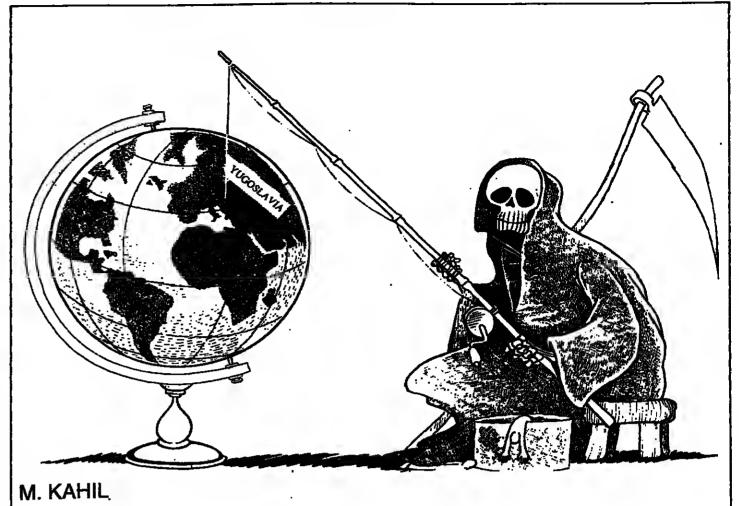
Few West European countries want to fight for Croatia, even if the Maastricht summit creates a new European "defeoce identity based on the nine-nation Western European union.

But diplomats say the terms of the argument have now changed slightly, with Germany and its allies telling Croatia recognition would not mean military aid. The shift could undermine British opposition to the move.

Dutch Foreign Minister Hans Van Den Broek told the Yogoslavs last month on behalf of the EC that recognition could not come if peace was not achieved in two months. Germany says that deadline falls due on December 10, second day of the Maastricht

Diplomats say political pressures could swing the EC towards recognitioo if the Yugoslav army presses ahead to visit Vokovar on Osijek and other Croatian towns.

Such a move, implying the Yugoslav conflict was between different countries and not an internal affair, would then place the Yugoslav ball even more firmly in the United Nations



# Workings of political forces

(Continued from page 1)

ne pa

ated to

maker

200. 7

27 C

-3 1 E

e deces

12 12

3023

72.0

1 100

2 12 \*\*\*\*\*

2 175 عطار ب شتار ر شهرر 15.03

14 505

ari.

35

, ....

17.F

American-led Western alliance against Iraq during the Gulf war were crucial factors that dampened oppositon to the peace process," said an analyst.

But there was fear among the leftist and rightist opposition at the outset of the peace process that democracy will be the first casualty of Jordan's participation in the peace talks if the government was pressured by the U.S. to accept all the preconditions regardless of public opinion at

by the Masri government, including the confiscation of one edi-tion of Al Rabat, the Ikhwan weekly, and the censorship of. Al Ahali, a leftist publication, on the eve of the Madrid peace conference had initially rein-

U.S.

(Continued from page 1)

would you be prepared to concede in return'?" said one source, who asked

"It said to the Syrians: 'Let us

suppose that Israel is willing to offer

territory. What kind of peace would

The U.S. proposal on the Golan Heights is potentially explosive be-cause it shows that Washington be-

lieves Israel must withdraw from at

least part of the strategic plateau it seized from Syria in the 1967 war.

Israel virtually annexed the terri-tory in 1981 and its parliament reiter-

ated that it would not negotiate its

Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Sha-

mir left the United States Saturday

furious that Washington had issued

invitations to the talks a few hours

before he met President George

Sources familiar with the Bush-

Shamir meeting and the Israeli lead-er's earlier discussion with U.S. Secretary of State James Baker last week said they were bad-tempered encounters which left both sides irri-

you be prepared to offer?"

status carlier this month.

not to be identified.

been allowed, especially that deep suspicion remains about the U.S. position and Israeli inten-

But in the last weeks of Mr. Masri's government there was a growing fear and resentment that the opponents of the peace conference were not being allowed to express their opposition free-

prior to entering negotiations. There are some analysts, espe-Some of the fears were cially in the opposition ranks, assuaged, however, by Mr. Maswho still voice such fears. But others maintain that democracy ri's assertion, in press interviews and in his meetings with political leaders, that he did not condone - or at least political openness - will boost Jordan's negotiating the disruption of anti-peace rallies and by the gradual, albeit limited, access that was being position and the needed national unity. Such conviction was indi-cated in King Hussein's letter designation of Sherif Zeid Ben given to some opposition figures

Shaker, according to these Analysts as well as some officials argue that the sensitivity of There is almost a consenthe peace process has introduced among the various political a situation that alarmed the trends that Jordan's internal security and warranted some situation would have been more curbs. Others counter that the difficult on the eve of the conferfears of an internal eruption over ence had it not been for the level the peace process were exaggerof political freedoms that have ated and that the opposition.

Minister Yitzhak Modai in an interview in occupied Jerusalem Monday with the Washington Post, appeared designed to overcome resistence in the administration of President Bush and Congress to the loan guar A spokesman for Mr. Shamir said

on it, the newspaper reported. Mr. Modai's plan would provide for the end to 30 years of U.S. economic aid to the Jewish state, including at least \$1.2 billion in each

on Monday he was not aware of Mr.

Modai's proposal and had no position

day preparing to go to Washington for talks with Israel next week. "We are preparing for everything, including travelling to Washington... of the last seven years.

However, it would not affect U.S. military aid, which has been about \$1.8 billion annually in recent years. we know the Americans, and we believe the United States would not allow any delay in the talks," said

report said. Mr. Modai suggested the United States adopt a three-year timetable for phasing out economic aid at the end of the decade while agreeing to

grant the loan guarantees. Mr. Modai said Israel would be able to give up U.S. economic aid because the one million Soviet immigrants, if successfully absorbed, would touch off an explosion of economic growth. "The gross national product,

guarantees to pay for absorption of according to our plan is going to grow eight per cent every year from now on," he was quoted as saying. "Ex-Soviet immigrants, Israel's finance minister proposed in remarks pub-The suggestion, raised by Finance ports should grow 12 per cent every

particularly the Ikhwan, proved that they were not ready to dis-rupt the country's stability.

In the final analysis, political observers, including some officials, including some of those who served in the Masri government, agree that public scepticism and opposition by certain groups to the peace talks had reintroduced some curbs on political freedoms. These curbs were used by Mr. Masri's opponents rightly or wrongly to further undermine him. Even JANDA, whose officials insist that they believe that Mr. Masri is a committed democrat, cited some of these curbs as a reason for not

taking part in the cabinet. tical freedoms and Jordan's commitment to participation in peace process will remain a challenge to any Jordanian government, particularly if people see no progress in the ground or any serious Arab and Palestinian concession, some analysts main-

year. With this growth, I want to give up the American aid.' State Department officials were not immediately available to comment on Mr. Modai's proposal.

The request for the loan guarantees, originally formulated by Mr. Modal during the Gulf war, is expected to be the subject of a contentious debate in Congress early next Libya

(Continued from page 1)

don to New York, and 11 people on the ground in the Scottish town of Lockerbie were killed when it exploded.

Britain and the United States have warned of serious consequences if the two men, cited in indictments as Lihyan intelligence agents, are not handed

They have not ruled out military action. U.S. planes bombed Libya in 1986 after Washington accused Libya of involvement in bombing a Berlin discotheque frequented by American troops.

Mr. Dourda said a U.S. indictment sheet — copies of which were handed to Libya, the Arab League and several regional states - "does not contain any evidence against Libya."

He met Arab Lea Secretary-General Esmat Abdul Meguid on Monday, who said he would "carry out contacts to ease the tension between Libya and the United States."

**CELEBRATE** Thanksgiving

at the Philadelphia Hotel Make this Thanksgiving special:

On Nov. 28, 1991: Join us between 7:00 & 11:00 p.m at Al - Liwon Dining Room and enjoy buffet Featuring our delicious Duck and Fabulous Tom Turkey with all the trimmings, Sage dressing, Gilbert gravy, Cranberry souce and mouth - watering pumpkin pie.

> Prices: Adults JD 10.000 ++ Childern JD 5.000 + +

If you prefer staying at home let us do your cooking for you, so you can enjoy a relaxed dinner . ...

> Kg turkey with all the trimmings for 35 -Kg turkey with all the trimmings for 45 10 Kg turkey with all the trimmings for 65 JD Pumpkin, Mince or Cherry pie for

Add 10% gov. tax only

فندق فيالدلفيا The Philadelphia

For Reservation please call Tel 663100 Ext. 113

Bonita Restaurant & Tapas

JORDANNARKET

International Cuisine Spanish Specialities

Open Lunch & Dinner

For Reservation: Jebel Amman Third Circle Tel. 615060 - 615061

# THE PROFESSIONALS

ALWAYS CHOOSE

THE RELIABLE

PACKING, AIR FREIGHT FORWARDING, DOOR-to DOOR SERVICES AND DELIVERIES CUSTOMS CLEARANCE . TICKETS AND, RESERVATIONS.

AMIN KAWAR & SONS TEL 804676 604696 P.O.BOX 7806

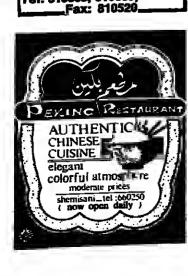


Ahliyyah Girls School Taka away is avallable

1st Circle, Jabal Amman, near Open daily 12:00-3:30 р.т. 7:00 - Midnight

Tel. 638968

....



### STUDIO HAIG RENT Professional Quality in Develop your colour film at

Distinctive Villas Apartments Flats IN ROYAL WEST AMMAN real estate US

Just call NIDAL 693037

CHEN'S

CHINESE

RESTAURANT

Mecca Street, Yarmouk

Engineers' Housing

Estate, near Kilo

Supermarket

Lunch Friday only

Tel: 818214

Come and taste our

specialities

6:30 - Midnight

13 × 18 c.m Shmeisani - Opp. Grindlays Bank. Phone: 604042 Swefieh tel: 823891

our shop and get:-

size 30% larger

JUMBO photo

Free Metal Frame

MANDARIN RESTAURANT Special Chinese Foods Skilled Chinese Chefs Open 11:30-3:30 & 6:00-11:30 daily

Mongolian Barbeque for Take away is available Wadi Saqra Road near Philadelphia Hotel Tel. 661922, Amman Open daily 12:00 - 3:30 **Gace Tasted** Always Loved

### LOOKING **FOR A PLACE** TO RENT IN **WEST AMMAN CALL SOHA**

Saudi Real Estate 687821/22

AT



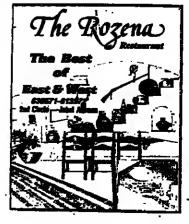
Amman - Tel. 668193 P.O. Box 9403 - Fax 602434 Telex 23888 DAROTL JO Ideal Residence For **Expatriates and** Businessmen











# Al Wihdat heads premier league

By Aleen Bannayan

Special to the Jordan Times

N - Al Windat ended second round of the premier · soccer championship at .d of the 15th week of the record with a most convincing 4-1 win over Al Qadissieh to secure

the 1991 championship title. Naser Al Horani scored an early second minute goal followed by another by Jihad Abdul Mun'em in the eighth minute to give Al Wihdat an early 2-0 lead. Al Wihdat, playing without their captain Yousef Al Amouri whn was injured during training, played with superior attacking ability and team work as Ihrahim Saadiyeh scored the third goal in 22nd minute. Al Qadissieh's Mazen Rashid scored his team's only goal to end the first half at

3-1 for Al Wihdat. Abdul Mun'em scnred his second and Whdat's fourth goal amid cheers from jubilant Wihdat fans since they just needed to draw with Al Qadissieh to secure the title which they had won in 1980 and 1987.

In another match titleholders Al Faisali beat Al Ramtha 2-0. Jamal Abu Abed scored Al Faisah's first goal in the sixth minute as Al Ramtha missed a key player,

without Khaled Al Aqouri who got a red card in the 36th minute.

Jiryes Tadros scored a header in the 77th minute to end the match at 2-0 thus eliminating Al Ramtha's chances of chasing the In a match that saw an nousnal-

ly big number of goals Al Ahli humiliated Al Hussein with a win of 7-2. Waleed Fatafteh of Al Ahli scored in the 10th and 33rd minntes to give Al Ahli a 2-0 lead but a defensive error from teammate Maher Hantash gave Al

Hussein their first goal in the 35th minute to end the first half at 2-1. Abdallah Al Shia'h of Al Hus-

sein scored his team's second goal but Al Ahli attacked repeatedly as Mousa Shtian scored Al Ahli's third goal in the 63rd minute only to be followed by a four goal bombardment in the last ten minutes (two by Waleed Fatafteh and two by Nart Yadaj) to finish the match with the impressive

In the fourth match of the week Al Jeel scored their first win when they beat Al Jazireh 3-2

# **JORDAN SOCCER STANDINGS**

After 15th week

	W	D	Ĺ	GF	GA	Pts
Al Wihdat	14	1		30	3	29
Al Faisali	10	1	4	25	12	21-
Al Ahli	8	4	3	25	14	20
Al Ramtha	9	1	4	30	13	19
Al Hussein	5	4	5	22	19	14
Al Qaddissieh	6	2	7	16	22	14
Al Arabi	4	5	6	22	19	13
Al Karmel	4	1	10	15	35	9
Al Jazireh	2	2	11	12	22	6
Al Jeel	ī	1	13	5	43	3

Note: The Al Ramtha-Al Hussein match has been postponed.

Auriol

snatches

RAC Rally

lead from

thus eliminating the latter's hope of staying in the premier league. The two teams will now fall to the second division.

Al Jazireh lost many scoring chances but managed to score the first goal of the match to end the first half at 1-0.

Al Jeel quickly reacted in the second half as Mahmoud Masarweh scored two succesive goals in the 58th and 60th minutes. His relentless attacks bore fruit again as he continued to score the third goal in the 71st minute.

Al Jazireh tried their best to catch up but their second goal by Hazem Abu Ja'far in the 88th minute came too late as Al jeel won the match 3-2. In the fifth match of the week

played at Al Hassan Sports City Stadium in Irbid, Al Karmel scored a precious 2-1 win over Al Arabi. This win kept alive Al Karmel's hopes of staying in the premier league. Hisham Anbar of Al Arabi scored the first goal of the match

in the fifth minnte. However, Al Karmel's repeated attacks succeeded in equalising with a goal from Jaser Al Buqei'i in the 29th minute. Al Arabi did not give np and tried to score a second goal



but missed many chances unlike by a last minute goal from Naser Al Karmel who managed to win Abu Hadeed.

### SPORTS NEWS IN BRIEF

### Queen Noor distributes trophies

AMMAN (Petra) — Her Majesty Queen Noor Tuesday distributed trophies and medals to winners in Al Hussein Men's Singles teamis tnurnament which concluded at Al Hussein Youth City Monday. Ynuth Minister Saleh Irsheidat presented the Sports City's Cup to Queen Noor to present it to His Majesty King Hussem as a gift on the occasion of his birthday. Also the Sports City's Tennis Committee presented the committee's cop to Queen Noor in appreciation of her efforts in supporting the sports movement in the Kingdom.

### Jordan to hold water-skiing festival

AMMAN (J.T.) - On the occasion of His Majesty King Hussein's hirthday, the Royal Jordanian Marine Sports Federation will organise a water-skiing festival at the Aquamarina Hotel in Aqaba on Thursday Nov. 28. A total of 11 countries will participate in the five-day festival which will be held under the patronage of King Hussein. The events will include tricks and jump competition and slalom.

### Mancini returns to Sampdorla lineup

GENOA, Italy (R) - Sampdoria striker Roberto Mancini, who ... sed Sunday's defeat at Roma because of a thigh strain, returns tn partner Gianluca Vialli for the Italian champions' European Cup semifinal group match against bolders Red Star of Belgrade Wednesday. Sampdoria's sixth league defeat in 11 matches at the weekend left them a point above the relegation zone and a home

to the Vugoslavs in the first match of the European Cup semifinal group would finally wreck their season. But coach Vnjadin Boskov is refusing to panic as he attempts to lift morale ahead of what the Italian media consider Sampdoria's most important game of the season.

# Shent hit by injuries before UEFA tie

BRUSSELS (R) - Belgian club Ghent, hit by injuries to four key players, have trouble assembling a full squad of 16 for their UEFA Cup third round match against Soviet side Dynamo Moscow Wednesday. Defender Bart de Roover, midfielders Laurent Dauwe and Frederic Waseige and striker Davy Cooreman are all injured, a club spokeswoman said Tuesday. Striker Marc Van Der Linden, midfielder Rudy Janssens and defender Michel de Groute were all slightly injured during their 1-0 win over Antwerp in a Belgian League match Saturday, but are expected to be fit. Ghent knocked out Bundesliga leaders Eintracht Frankfurt in the second round.

# Egypt set sights on next World Cup

CAIRO (R) - Manager Mahmnud Al Gohari, who last year led Egypt in their first appearance in the World Cup soccer finals since 1934, bas outlined his plans for their next campaign. Gohari sacked in October 1990 after a 6-1 defeat by Greece in a friendly. was reinstated last September to take over from his original replacement, German coach Dietrich Weise. Weise was dismissed when Egypt's Olympic team failed to pass beyond the first qualifying round. Gohari told a news conference he planned home matches against three East European teams before taking Egypt to the African Nations Championship in Senegal next January. They will play Romania twice, Czechoslovakia once and

# **GOREN BRIDGE**

North-South vulnerable. West

WORTH ONE'S WEIGHT IN GOLD

NORTH **₹**763 ~ 43 • AKQ42 # 8 5 4 EAST WEST ♦ K Q 10 ↑ K 10 6 • A 8 4 2 - 8 5 2

4 A 9 7 2 4 J 10 SOUTH 4 J 9 5 A Q J 9 7 4 K Q 6 3

The bidding:
West North East
1 Pass 1 Pass
Pass Pass

Opening lead: King of •
Had Diogenes been a bridge player, he would have walked around with his lantern searching for an expert defender—a player who makes life es easy as possible for partner. A player such as the one who held the West cards on this

hand from rubber bridge. West's opening bid was as light as the law will allow, especially since the flat distribution was a drawback. Therefore, West remained silent on the second round of bidding despite excellent support for Fast's suit, and

South bought the contract at two hearts West led the king and queen of

spades, on which East signalled en-thusiastically. A thoughtless de-fender would now continue with a third round of spades. East's ace winning. That would have left East in a quandary as to whether to con-tinue with the 13th spade or to switch to a club. Since West had opened the bidding in that suit, we know our choice would have been to shift to the jack of clubs, and that would have presented declarer with the contract. In all, declarer would have been able to limit North-

South's losses to three spade tricks a heart and a club. a heart and a club.

What would you have done at trick three? If you cashed the ace of clubs before leading your remaining spade, you would rank at the top of our list of considerate partners. When East now gains the lead with the ace of spades there should be no the ace of spades there should be no temptation to revert to a club, and a diamond return would obviously do the defenders no good.

East might as well continue with the last spade and, whether declarer ruffs high or low, a second trump trick for the defense is established. That's just enough to inflict a onetrick set on declarer.

Sainz KESWICK, England (R) -Hard-charging Frenchman Dider Auriol slotted his works Lancia into first place in the RAC Rally

Auriol, who had threatened to take charge of the closing round of the World Championship with some brilliant driving in the forest of Wales Monday, finally burst ahead of Spanish pacesetter Carlos Sainz during the morning's tests in the English Lake district.

Sainz occupied second place in his Toyota Celica, 27 seconds behind Aurinl but more importantly continued to keep world title challenger Juha Kankkunen at bay:

Kankkunen, in a Lancia Delta Integrale, was a menacing third, only 20 seconds behind Sainz and needs to overbaul bim by Wednesday's finish in order to

A top-five place for Sainz with Kankkunen behind bim would be enough for the Spaniard to remain champion.

Britain's Colin McRae rolled

his Subaru out to fourth place but continued in 16th position. Despite considerable damage he was second-fastest nn the following

The Wythop stage was delayed after a major roll involving the Subaru of fifth-placed Finn Markku Alen. Alen dropped five minutes but carried on.

# Noah keeps everyone guessing about Davis Cup final team

PARIS (R) - French Captain Yannick Noah is keeping all but his team guessing by refusing to reveal who he has chosen to face the United States in the Davis Cup final starting Friday in Lyon.

Noah told his four-man squad of Guy Forget, Henri Leconte, Oliver Delaitre and Arnaud Boetsch at the weekend of his selection for the two singles places and the doubles pairing against the Americans. But he has barred the players

from talking to the media and bas

added to the mystery by hinting

he could even play in the final himself as a late replacement for one of the others. "I would not be training four or five hours a day if I had no intention of playing", be told

reporters. "Leconte is playing well but then so am I." There is no doubt that Forget, the world number seven, will be the first singles player and the anchor man of the doubles team but after that all options are

Title bolders the United States. whose Captain Tom Gorman is des Sports where the Davis Cup

making no such secret of his line-up, will be using Andre Agassi and Pete Sampras in the singles, giving Noah the problem of producing a conjuring trick to find a second player able to give either a serious contest.

Noah's lips may be sealed but the betting is heavily on Leconte, his old comrade-in-arms from France's last Davis Cup final appearance when the French were defeated 4-1 by the Americans in Grenoble nine years ago. The swashbuckling hnt unpre-

dictable Leconte has talent and experience on his side. He is capable of beating anyone on his day — and equally of losing to anybody. More importantly he has play-

ed 38 singles rubbers for France in the Davis Cup, has beaten Agassi twice in four meetings and now seems fully fit again after a third back operation during the

The young Delaitre is the other main contender for the slot. He reached the final of last month's Lyon tournament at the Palais

showdown takes place before iosing badly to Sampras. But he has no Davis Cup ex-

perience and Noah would be taking a huge gamble if he threw him in at the deep end. France's best chance of an up-

set rest on Forget winning both his singles matches — be beat Sampras earlier this month in the Paris Open final - and winning a third point from the doubles where the Americans field those old campaigners Ken Flach and Robert Seguso.

Leconte, an accomplished doubles player, is once again the best bet but Noah may feel three five-setters, in three days could be beyond him and field Boetsch

Or maybe be will turn to Noah the player and name himself. Under Davis Cup rules be does not bave to finalise his squad until Thursday and can still change his doubles team np to one hour before Saturday's rubber.

The only certainty is that Noah will keep bis opponents in the dark until just before Thursday's

# Wright returns to Liverpool line up

LONDON (R) — Liverpool ping his Achilles tendon returns desperately keen to play," Soumanager Graeme Sonness is for the third round first leg tie in ness said Tnesday. throwing defender Mark Wright into Wednesday's UEFA Cup tie team games. with Swarovoski Tirol hoping he will begin to repay some of his £2.2 million (\$3.9 million) trans-

"He, more than anyone, is aware of the fact that we have paid a lot of money for him and The England defender who has so far Liverpool Football Club been out for 13 weeks since snap-

Wright said: "I'm hack now and I want to start proving a point. To get injured in only my

second game was a big blow."
Barry Venison, another Achilles victim, is also included in Liverpool's squad despite being out for 10 months.

# Yousef Al Amouri

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY NOVEMBER 27, 1991 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

HOROSCOPE

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Getting to the point and going after exactly what you want with fine incite an prophetic understanding are the best means to show others that you are ready to move directly

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) You now find it is exceedingly important that you do let those about see and realise that you handle your vocational activities in a conscientious manner.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Many new ideas come to you and they may be good for changing present ways of doing things or making some new assault upon

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) You are now able to find the many means by which to let those about see and realise that you are aware of what is expected of you and carry through without delay.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Whatever interests you the most in partnership matters should be carefully studied and thoughtout by you without activity just yet. LEO: (July 22 to August 21) You now find that yours is the duty to do those tasks which have become difficult and which you would rather toss into the ashcan of the

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) You want to have a good time but if you enjoy the things you do all alone without depending on someone else you can replace to-days tension with helpful results to

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Now you have all kinds of

problems to meet at your home or with your own family so take the bull by the horns and talk them out SCORPIO: (October 23 to Novem ber 21) Think over those who can help you in your daily enterprises and make a point to show that you do value the good will of them by doing them some quiet favour.

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Now you need to really think out your budget and what you can do to have property as you wish and get a new slant on economies you can make.

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) How you are going to personally handle a pressing inti-mate matter which is facing you shows how far you have advanced in your desire for a well rounded understanding.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Many little anxieties and worries actually do have the power to lessen your ability to achieve what is vital to you so get them in back of you right now.

PESCES: (February 20 to March 20) Whatever you have in mind with friends now that means joining forces with them in some interesting project, you can now proceed with full speed.

مدد ا ال

= 7.

ويزات

in (Distriction)

---- (Aim.

29 L 14

. ir o

es Pour

nz Pecec

airí

thetar.

東ストンド

John Paris

ide keer

ne Actor

ODNO

NOS (R) — Sweet source for nobeal s



I stuffed it with pizza. It sure beats chunks of stale bread!"

# JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words. GYTAN

YIZZD

**LESTUS** 

HOW PEOPLE LEARN ICE-SKATING. YONIFT

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon. SEVERAL "OCCOODO

Jumbles: FLORA HIKER UNLOCK WALRUS Answer: He put more hours in his work than this— WORK IN HIS HOURS

# Peanuts



# **Andy Capp**



# **Mutt'n'Jeff**



# THE Daily Crossword by Charles R. Wooderd



10 Silent Adore
11 Bows
12 Gown
material
13 —deucy
18 God of war 19 Comprehension
23 Timid
24 Span
25 "The Secret Lifs
of Walter —"
26 Different
27 Hollow starts
28 Biblical warts

DOWN 1 Deed 2 Sound of

laughter 3 Guinness

29 Deity of revelry 30 Wading bird 31 Loose change 33 Miller's "— the Fall" 36 Horror film 4 Ticking threat 5 Baroque 6 Catamerans 37 Actress Tert 38 Kurosawa film

44 Good luck

45 Bismarck 46 Easy rider 47 Boxing jabi 48 Fr. town 49 Naval half 50 Present

52 "— Man (movie) 53 Ms Adams 55 Cagers' gp. 56 Fitearm 57 Affirmative

**Financial** Markets

in co-operation with Cairo Amman Bank



Date: 26/11/91

J.S. Dollar in International I	Aarkets	ч	
Currency	NBWORK CLOSE Inste 25/11/91	TOKYO CLOSE Innic 26/11/91	
Sterling Pound	1.7935	1.7978	
Deutsche Mark	1.5885	1.5844	
Swiss Franc	1.4124	1.4099	
Brench Franc	5.4290	5.4218**	
Japanese Ven	127.92	128.30	
European Curreny Unit	1.2790	1.2815**	
Tieta See CTV!		·	

		20/	11171
I MTH	3 MTHS	6 MTHS	12 MTHS
4.68	4.8 7	4.81	1.93
10.43	N.50	10.50	10.50
9.00	9.37	9.37	9.37
7.75	8.00	7.87	7.87
9.81	9.75	9.68	9.56
6.18	6.12	5.87	5.68
10.00	10.12	10.12	10.12
reeding ( , >, 1	1.000,01	O oc equavaler	u.
	4.68 10.43 9.00 7.75 9.81 6.18 10.00	4.68 4.8 7 10.43 %50 9.00 9.37 7.75 8.00 9.81 9.75 6.18 6.12 10.00 10.12	4.66     4.8 7     4.81       10.43     N.50     10.50       9.00     9.37     9.37       7.75     8.00     7.87       9.51     9.75     9.68       6.18     6.12     5.87

Date: 26/11/91

Metal	USD/Oz	JD/Gm	Metal	USD/Oz	JD/Gm
Gold	367.20	7.00	Silver	÷.10	0.089
21 Karnt					

Dage: 26/11/01

	Date: 20/1/7/		
Сигтепсу	Bid	Offer	
U.S. Dotlar	0.6750	0.6800	
Sterling Pound	1.2166	1.2227	
Deutsche Mark	0.4270	0.4291	
Swiss Franc	0.4799	0.4823	
French Franc	0.1249	0.1255	
Japanese Yen	0.5282	0.5308	
Dutch Guilder	0.3787	0.3806	
Swedish Krona	0.1165	0.1171	
Italian Lira*	0.0564	0.0567	
Beigian Franc	0.02069	0.02079	

Other Currencies	Date: 26,'11/91		
Сигтевсу	Bid	Offer	
Bahralol Dinar .	1.7690	1.7770	
Lebanese Lira	0.0775	0.0768	
Saudi Riyat	0.1805	0.1815	
Kuwatti Dinar			
Qatari Riyal	0.1837	0.1846	
Egyptian Pound	0.2000	0.2170	
Omani Riyal	1.7350	1,7440	
UAE Dirham	0.1837	0.1846	
Greek Drachma"	0.3530	0.3820	
Cypriot Pound	1.4916	1.5075	
		<del></del>	

Index	24/11/91 Close	25/11/91	Close
All-Share	125.00	124.74	
Banking Sector	105.38	104.87	
Insurance Sector	126.44	126.90	
Industry Sector	154.03	154.06	
Services Sector	138.97	138.94	

# LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Tuesday.

One Sterling One U.S. dollar

7.V 2

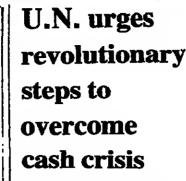
Ξ.

1.7925/35 1.1364/69 1.5940/50 1.7907/17 1.4165/72 32.84/88 5.4350/4400 1203/1204 128.45/55 5.8250/8300 6.2650/2700

Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

U.S. dollars

6.1775/25 One ounce of gold 366.80/367.30



UNITED NATIONS (R) - The United Nations woo't be able to meet its bills beyond the end of the month unless some of its members, who owe nearly a billion dollars, pay np soon, according to a U.N. report Monday.

"In summary, the situation bas now deteriorated to the point of crisis," Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar said io proposing a package of revolutionary measures to deal with the organisation's perennial cash crunch.

These include charging interest on unpaid assessmeots, setting up a billion dollars U.N. peace endowment fund with contribution from governments, the private sector and individuals and, as a last resort, borrowing money on a commercial basis.

As of Oct. 31, U.N. members owed \$524.6 million in regular budget dues, including \$386.2 millioo for 1991 and the rest for previous years. Another \$463.5 millioo was outstanding for peacekeeping operations, for a grand total of \$988.1 million.

The United States, which is assessed 25 per cent of the U.N. regular budget and an even larger share of peacekeeping operations, has been paying some of its arrears, but by the end of October still owed a total of \$485.4

"The failore of member states to pay their assessed contributions, whether for the regular budget or for peacekeeping operations, in full and no time, bas kept the United Nations on the brink of insolvency for a nomber of years," the secretary-general

"The payments received to date for the regular budget are only sufficient to meet budget requirements until the end of November," added Mr. Perez de

By the end of September, only 57 U.N. members had paid their regular budget assessments in full while another 102 were in arrears, many owing more than one year's dues.

U.N. membership now totals 166, with the addition of seven countries during September.

The U.N. chief said: "It is a source of profound concern to me that the same membership which deems it appropriate to entrust the United Nations secretariat with unprecedented new responsibilities bas not takeo the occessary action to ensure, at the same time, that the minimum financial resources required to carry out



Javier Perez de Cuellar

those responsibilities are provided on a reliable and predictable basis.'

The United Nations already has seveo peacekeeping operations financed by assessed contributions - oo the Golao Heights, in soutbern Lebanoo, Aogola, Central America, in Western Sahara, oo the Iraq-Kuwait border, and in El Salva-

One of its most ambitious operations, expected to cost more than \$1 billion, will soon begin in Cambodia.

The interest from the proposed \$1 billion U.N. peace endowment fund, likely to take years to raise, would be used to finance the start-up costs of future U.N. peacekeeping operations and re-

A few U.N. specialised agencies already bave aothority to borrow money commercially.

Other steps proposed by the secretary-general include raising the U.N. working capital fund from \$100 million to \$250 million.

4 words boost dollar

foresaw no rise in his country's interest rates

LONDON (R) — German Economics Minister Juergen Moelle-

mann single-handedly boosted the dollar, the pound sterling and

European shares at the midsession Tuesday by saying be

Asked at a conference io London wbether he saw German

ioterest rates going up before they came down again Mr. Moellemann said "I don't believe so."

The four words boosted the dollar to 1.5935 marks and the

pound sterling to 2.8560 marks. The dollar closed in Europe

Monday at 1.5850 marks, with the pound at 2.8488 marks.

Both currencies had been suffering from speculation the

"It's definitely taken some of the shine off the mark and

Against the yen, the dollar was 128.53 compared with

Mr. Moellemann's comments also lit a fuse under both British

and French shares, already oo the rise after taking heart from

Wall Street's steady close Monday and Tokyo's first rise in two

German shares, which had also been moving higher, seeming-

Gold lost \$2.15 to \$366.85 an ounce, while the January futures

contract for North Sea Brent blend crude oil dropped 17 cents to

\$19.88 a barrel on Loudon's International Petroleum Exchange.

ly took bittle notice of the economics minister's remarks.

German central bank would raise interest rates before the end

people are jostling to cover their more exposed dollar positions

now," said a trader at a U.S. securities house io Londoo.

# Algerian businesses ordered to repatriate foreign currency

ALGIERS (R) — Algeria's ceo-tral bank has told Algerian companies holding foreign currency abroad to repatriate it within 120 days or face losing the right to trade overseas.

The Algerian news agency APS quoted a statement from the Bank of Algeria saying they must return earnings from their ex-

"All businesses ... presenting an irregular situation over exchange control will find themselves banned from access to external trade," it said.

It pointed out that companies

cy or commission overseas carned from import contracts.

The bank urged companies to regularise their situation imnediately.

Government officials were not available to comment on the step which follows pessimistic statements on the state of the country's foreign currency reserves. Parliamentary speaker Abdul

Aziz Belkhadem told parliament last week that reserves were estimated for Oct. 31 at just over \$1 billion. At the same date, the bank had to pay foreign creditors

· Prime Minister Sid Ahmad Ghozali told parliament Sunday a \$560 million loan from the European Community (EC) would be freed around mid-December.

"Up to today the loans from the IMF and (French bank) Credit Lyonnais have not been released. We are expecting money from the EC loan after Dec. 15,"

Algeria negotiated a standby credit with the International Monetary Fund (IMF) for \$400 million in June but later renegoti-

ated some of the terms after a change in government.

The EC loan, to support debthit Algeria's balance of payments, compares with the nearly \$900 million which the North

African country had requested. A consortium of eight banks, led by Credit Lyonnais, agreed in September to offer Algeria a \$1.1 billion debt-refinancing package.

Mr. Ghozali told parliament that Algeria was attempting to tackle a critical shortage of foreign currency by selling oil in

# Maxwell family wins reprieve from bankers on \$1.4b debt

LONDON (R) - The Maxwell family won a breathing space from bankers Monday after talks in London on a plan to avert the collapse of the tottering media empire left by the late Robert Maxwell.

About 25 lenders to the family companies, which are weighed down with debt of around £750 million (\$1.35 billion), agreed to a temporary respite.

Brothers Kevio and Ian Maxwell emerged from the three hours of talks with bank represectatives, describing the session as helpful and constructive.

The banks have agreed to form a steering committee to look in a level-headed way at proposals (our) companies have put to them," Mr. Kevin Maxwell told reporters.



Robert Maxwell

"I can say on behalf of my brother and I that we are very pleased at the ootcome of this meeting," be said.

A senior official from National Wetminister Bank PLC, leader of the bank group, said the meeting was not acrimonious, adding the banks were "actively exploring the way forward."

The Maxwells gave no details of their proposals. But bankers who attended the meeting said they had sought a temporary freeze oo debt repayments, which will be considered by a commit-

Bankers' fears about the family companies were deepened when it was revealed last week that Britain's Serious Fraud Office is investigating a £55 million (\$99 million) loan to a family company by Swiss Bank Corporation.

The bank called in the loan, saying shares it had been promised as collateral were not avail-

Bot a Swiss bank spokesman said after the meeting his bank had agreed to take no further action on the loan pending negotiations between the family and the bank committee.

The natural instinct of bankers in a situation like this is to try to have an orderly resolution," the spokesman said. "Clearly that's a preferable solution."

Sbares io Maxwell Communication Corp, the public company controlled by the family and chaired by Mr. Kevin Maxwell. rose 9.0 pence to 45 pence after the meeting,

The steep fall in the company's share price since publishing tycoon Robert Maxwell died mysteriously at sea earlier this month was another factor that had heightened bankers' nerves. The shares bave plooged

almost 70 per cent, leaving lenders who bave debt secured against the shares with gaping holes in their collateral.

At stake for the Maxwell family is keeping hold of two assets it desperately wants to keep - the poblicly listed Mirror Group Newspapers PLC and the New

York Daily News. Some of the family's 51 per cent stake in Mirror Group has also been pledged as security against loans and analysts say a loast resort for the banks could be to force the family to sell part of the holding.

The loss-making Daily News, owned privately by the family, is forecast by Mr. Kevin Maxwell to be profitable next year. Other family assets range from

a North Sea helicopter company to market research firm AGE International.

Bankers said there are no firm proposals yet from the family about specific asset sales. Negotiations are likely to last weeks or even months.

'We didn't expect this meeting to be anything more than getting the show on the road," one said. "We expected it to be just the starting point and that's exactly what we have achieved."

# **Court declares Nadir bankrupt** ruptcy and his affairs will now be

LONDON (R) - Asil Nadir, former chairman of the troubled Polly Peck Group, has been declared bankrupt following legal action by a group of creditor banks, a lawyer acting for one of the banks said Tuesday.

No comment was immediately available from Mr. Nadir's

A British court sitting in pri-vate Monday ruled Mr. Nadir bankrupt after action by Den Norske Bank and nine other international banks, said a lawyer from legal firm Stephenson Harwood, which acted for the

"We have taken appropriate steps to put Mr. Nadir into bank-. interview.

put into the hands of a trustee," the lawyer said in a telephone

Consists of 3 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 salons, independent central heating, super deluxe fumiture with all electric appliances.

Location: Sweifieh. Please call tel.: 829738

## **FOR RENT**

In Jabai Amman near the 5th Circle

Fully furnished first floor of a two level villa, 160 m² area includes two bedrooms, large kitchen and bathroom, and a large sitting and dirring area. Front garden, back garden with terrace and a

Furniture includes wall to wall carpeting, colour TV, telephone, refrigerator and washing machine.

For enquiries, please call 672807

# ANNOUNCEMENT

Emirates Trading Agency, Trading & Shipping Division, Dubai, hereby gives notice that Mr. Khalifa Harneed Sultan Abdul Azeem, Indian passport holder No. H 566433 is no longer in the services of this company and ceased to represent us from 25.9.1991. He therefore has no authority to represent us in any way.

Any company / person dealing with him will do so at their/his own risk

**Emirates Trading Agency** Trading & Shipping Division P.O.Box 5239 Dubai

# KOSEINI BOUTIQUE

**EMPLOYMENT AVAILABLE** 

Distinguished hotel needs experienced house-

For further details, call 630778

VILLA FOR RENT

Furnished or unfurnished, completely independent with all

For appointment: call 669785

modem conveniences.

Located opposite Jordan University.

Filipinas or Sri Lankan females preferred.

has a vacancy for a saleswoman. Candidate should have long experience in this field.

Pls. contact Koselni Boutique, Jabai Amman — Rainbow Street, tel. 624701

# **ANNOUNCE:**

The German Agency for Technical Cooperation. (GTZ) is implementing jointly with the Ministry of Agriculture a forestry seed centre. For this purpose a cool storage room is required. Companies with experience in installing cool storage rooms or similar facilities could provide their offers until the 10th of December to the GTZ administration office. The necessary documents to prepare the offer could be collected at:

**GTZ Administration Office** Mrs. E. Kassir Allouni Str. Shmelsani P.O.Box 926238, Amman-Jordan Tel.: 667021 / 660080 Code: Forestry Seed Centre, Cool Storage

### WANTED FOR RENT For **Diplomatic Mission Families**

UNFURNISHED apartments, in the following areas: 4th -8th Circles, Abdoun, Sweifieh, Um Utheina, Al Rabieh, Um Summaq, and/or Jandaweel.

The apartments required should have deluxe finishing; 5 years old or less; and consisting of the following: 1-2 bedrooms including a master bedroom, sitting/dining room. Modern kitchen, one & ½ baths, and other

The net square metres for the apartments required should not exceed: (net sq. m. includes only usable living space, sitting/dining room, bedrooms, kitchen, bathrooms, etc...)

One bedroom from 83-92 square metres. Two bedroom from 119-132 square metres.

Three bedroom from 174-191 square metres.

4. Four bedroom from 202-224 square metres. Owners only, please send to the following address, price and other details, and floor plans, please include owner's name, address and telephone number.

**Housing Office** P.O.Box 354 Amman, Jordan.

# Tel: 677420 CONCORD

Van Damme ... in DOUBLE IMPACT



Nabil Al Mashini Theatre

**'SOMERSAULT TIME' PLAY** 

at 8:30 p.m.

Please buy your tickets in advance

Starring 'Abu Awwad Family' After the great success it achieved continues its shows daily

Tel: 675571

Tel: 634144 PHILADELPHIA

**WORLD STOCK MARKETS** 

TOKYO - Stocks staged a technical recovery after nine days of

losses to close firmer but off their day's highs. The 225-share

Nikkei average was up 243.40 points or 1.06 per cent to 23,112.09,

PARIS — Bargain bunting pushed up prices in the bourse's first strong rise since Wall Street's Nov. 15 mini-crash but traders

predicted falling prices round the corner. The CAC-40 Index rose

ZURICH — Swiss shares rose slightly, helped by a technical recovery and bargain-hunting. The SPI Index ended up 10.9

LONDON - Shares closed up but off the day's highs as a weaker

Wall Street tempered encouraging German interest rate news. The FTSE 100 index rose 15.3 points to 2,471.5.

NEW YORK - Stocks dropped but steadied off early lows in the

afternoon. Traders blamed fading consumer confidence and concern over possible administration moves to stimulate the

25.72 point or 1.48 per ceot to close at 1,768.97.

with about 200 million shares traded.

points at 1,057.6.

THREE FUGITIVES

economy. The Dow was 23 down at 2,878.

Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30 p.m.

RAINBOW Adel imam & Husseln Fahmi

**PLAYING WITH THE BIG GUYS** 

Tel: 625155

(Arabic) Show: 3:30, 6:30, 8:30 p.m.

# Azerbaijan debates martial law after helicopter crash

MOSCOW (R) — Azerbaijan's parliament dehated Tuesday whether to declare martial law in the southern republic and break economic ties with neighbouring

Armenia, local news reports said.
The Assa-Irada Agency said thousands demonstrated outside parliament in the republic's capital Baku demanding tough action after an unarmed helicopter crashed last Wednesday. At least 20 people aboard were killed.

Azerbaijani officials have said the aircraft was shot down by Armenian militants in the dispnted region of Nagorno-Karabakh. But Armenia says it crashed in fog over the mountainous enclave.

Armenian leaders Levon Ter-Petrosyan has described Azerbaijan's parliamentary debate as tantamount to declaring war. Soviet President Mikhail Gor-

bachev Monday proposed creating a 10-kilometre Sovietpatyrolled zone between Armemians and Azeris, who have been fighting a guerrilla war over Nagorno-Karabakh for the past three years.

Mr. Gorbachev and seven republican leaders invited the presidents of both Transcaucasian republics to Moscow this week to discuss how to stop the conflict escalating.

The situation is extremely ex-

plosive now. It is on the brink of real war," Mr. Gorbachev told cent days, including an explosion reporters after meeting the republican leaders.

Few details emerged from Tuesday's parliament debate in Baku. Local journalists said the session had been addressed by President Ayaz Mutalibov.

In addition to martial law and breaking ties with Armenia, deputies were to discuss mobilising Azeris serving in the Soviet army as well as scrapping Nagorno-Karabakh's autonomous status and incorporating it into Azerbai-

Fighting over Nagorno-Karabakh, which is claimed by both Azerbaijan and Armenia, has taken more than 800 lives since 1980. The territory, mostly populated by Armenians hnt run from Baku since 1923, is completely enclosed by Azerbaijan. A spokesman for the Soviet Interior Ministry, said the situation was "extremely tense" not

only in Nagorno-Karabakh but in the entire region. A six-man Soviet military patrol was attacked Sunday night 27 kilometres outside Baku. "The patrol fired back, killing three and wounding four Azeris," the

He also said there had been several incidents in regions

spokesman said.

at a power station and frequent gunfire in and around the en-

Since last August's failed Soviet coup accelerated the breakdown of central power, Soviet Interior Ministry troops stationed around the patchwork of Armenian and Azeri border villages have kept a low profile. But Gorbachev's proposal for setting up a buffer zone suggested he might be ready to step up their

Armenia and Azerbaijan are among 10 Soviet republics which have declared independence from Moscow. It was not clear whether either would welcome a stronger Soviet presence in the region.

The Armenian mission in Moscow said the republic would probahly reject Mr. Gorbachev's proposal on the grounds that it would cut contacts between Nagorno-Karabakh and Arme-

In a separate development, Iran's foreign minister said Tehran wishes to develop its relations with largely Muslim Azer-taijan within the framework of the Soviet Union and will not recognise its independence.

"As regards our relations with other republics and the recognition of Azerbaijan's independence, its independence will not be recognised," Ali Akbar Velayati told the radio station Ekho Mosk-(Moscow Echo) Monday. Relations will develop within the framework of the Soviet Un-

Azerbaijan, like Iran, is populated mainly by Shiite Muslims Relations between the two have become closer as Tehran has warmed to Moscow since Soviet troops withdrew from Afghanis-

Mr. Velayati, who held talks with Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze Monday, is due to visit Azerbaijan and five other mainly Muslim republics during a

10-day stay.

Turkey, which has close cultural and linguistic ties to Azerbaijan, is the only country to have recognised the restoration of its 1918-1921 independence.

But the Nega News Agency: quoted a senior Turkish diplomat Monday as saying that his country still regarded Azerbaijan as an integral part of the Soviet Union.

The diplomat, Riza Erkmiuloglu, identified as an adviser to Turkey's permanent representative to NATO, also said Ankara would observe strict neutrality if full-scale hostilities broke out between Azerbaijan and neighbouring Armenia.

# Seoul: North must unconditionally accept

SEOUL (R) - North Korea, under mounting world pressure, has said for the first time it will allow inspection of secret nuclear facilities as soon as the United States begins removing its nuclear weapons from South Korea.

inspections

The announcement, contained in a Foreign Ministry statement issued late Monday, was couched in conciliatory language and appeared to signal a step forward in the long, acrimonious dispute over whether or not North Korea is secretly developing nuclear

The announcement drew somewhat mixed signals from South Korean officials.

"We are carefully examining the Northern announcement though it doesn't mean a major change of North Korean position on the nuclear issue," a senior Foreign Ministry official in Seoul

"Onr position is that the Northern side must nuconditionally sign the nuclear safeguards accord with the IAEA International Atomie Energy Agency) and submit its facilities to inspections," the official said.

Bnt another senior official said: "They softened their stance this time. The Northern announcement shows they have already made the decision to sign the safeguards agreement."

# Bush's approval rating takes a plunge

WASHINGTON (R) — President George Bush's approval rating has plunged to its lowest level since be took office in 1989, pushed down by concern over the

stagnant U.S. economy. Opinion polls released Monday night showed that only 51 per cent of Americans surveyed approve of the overall job Mr. Bush is doing as president, down more than 10 percentage points from a month earlier.

A joint CBS Television-New York Times poll found that less than half of respondents now think Mr. Bush will be reelected to a second term next November. down from two-thirds in October A poll by NBC Television found only 27 per cent of those questioned approved of Mr. Bush's handling of the economy,

while 65 per cent said they disapproved.
"I don't believe these polls, Mr. Bush said in n television interview Monday. "I didn't be-

lieve them when they were 86 per cent either." Mr. Bush's approval rating soared into the 90 per cent range after he organised the multi-

national coalition that drove Iraq from Kuwait in February. Since then, his popularity has steadily declined.

But for the moment Mr. Bush is resisting pressure to change either his policies or his staff.

He is standing by his embattled Chief of Staff. John Sunum, under fire from other Bush aides, Republican legislators and party leaders from his abrasive, authoritarian style and alleged ineffectiveness in keeping the administration organised.

With the economy at a near standstill and presidential elections looming in 1992, Mr. Bush is also coming under pressure from both Democrats and conservatives in his own party to abandon his decision to stand firm on his economic policies.

Moving to deflect their criticism, Mr. Bush Monday gave halfhearted support to a House of Representatives Republican effort to tack a package of tax cuts onto a bill to bail out failed savings banks.

The plan, which was to be introduced in the House Tuesday, stands little chance of passage since Congress is about to adjourn.

President Bush said Monday he would veto a sweeping anti-crime bill that includes a national waiting period for handgun sales, saying the "asure "would weaken our cruninal justice sys-

"Let me be clear, I would have to veto this legislation because it would weaken our criminal justice system," Mr. Bush said in a speech in Columbus, Ohio. A House-Senate negotiating

committee reached agreement on the bill Sunday night despite Republican protests that it had been weakened too much. The bill still had to be passed by the House and Senate before it can go to Mr. Bush.

# 2 die in attack on Osijek; peace efforts gather pace

BELGRADE (R) — Efforts to restore peace in the Yugoslav fire.

Republic of Croatia gathered pace Tuesday although rocket attacks by Serbian guerrillas were reported to have killed two peo-

Croatian radio reported that the town of Podravska Slatina further west was also hit and that fighting broke out around Nova Gradiska in central Croatia. But a U.N.-sponsored cease-fire which took force Sunday

appeared to be holding elsewhere in Croatia, where thousands of people have been killed in fighting since its declaration of independence in June. The U.N. Security Council in

New York began consultations on proposals by its special envoy Cyrus Vance which could lead to the deployment of U.N. peacekeeping troops if the truce

Ed Koestal, spokesman for the Enropean Community (EC) peace mission in Croatia, said in Zagreb that Vance would return to Yngoslavia in a few days.

The former American secretary of state, who persuaded Serbia, Croatia and the Serbian-led army to sign the 14th ceasefire of the conflict, will discuss problems surrounding the positioning of United Nations forces.

Mr. Koestal said plans were also being made to send a humamitarian convoy to the Croatian town of Vukovar, which surrendered to the army last week after a three-month siege. The town has been virtually flattened by air

and artillery attacks.

Croatian radio said the Zagreh government and the army would exchange all prisoners of war Thursday. The army is holding 3,300 members of the Croatian National Guard and police and Croatia has 2,100 army prisoners.

Taning News Agency said captured Yngoslav army General Milan Aksentijevic was exchanged Monday evening for Anton Kikas, a Canadian of Croatian origin, who was detained by the army on suspicion of arms smuggling.
The rump federal presidency

representing only Serbia and its allies since a boycott by Croatia and Slovenia - said 10 million marks (\$6.3 million).

ple in the eastern town to Osijek. will consistently respect the ceas-Croatian radio reported that efire, as the armed formations of Croatia should do," it said.
The army and rebel Serbs have

taken control of the one third of Croatia's territory predominantly populated by Serbs and want to protect their gains by placing U.N. peacekeeping forces at the present front line.

Croatia wants the U.N. force placed at its present borders which Serbia calls purely adminis-

In Bonn, German Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher said Monday European Community states must recognise Croatia and Slovenia after an EC eadline runs out next month.

Bonn will officially back the breakaway Yugoslav republics after the Dec. 10 deadline and expects its EC partners to do the same, he told German radio.

The deadline for a political solution runs out on Dec. 10 and recognition must then follow," said Mr. Genscher, who came under renewed attack at the weekend from conservative critics over the EC's failure to stop the fighting.

"We will do it, because we expect all other partners will stick to this date like we will."

Mr. Genscher later met Croatian Foreign Minister Zvonimir Separovie, who said Zagreh "hoped, requested and demanded" diplomatic recognition next "That would be the best Christ-

mas present of all," he told journalists after meeting Mr. Genscher to prepare a visit by Croatian President Franjo Tudjman to Bonn next week.

Mr. Genscher said the German government wanted to discuss the conditions for recognition with Mr. Tujdman, especially guarantees of rights for ethnie minor-He said Germany was increas-

ing its humanitarian aid to Croatia by four million marks to

# **Indonesia condemns critics** over East Timor shootings

JAKARTA (R) - Indonesia said ing aid until the outcome of an Tuesday that foreign donors re- Indonesian government invesviewing aid policies after the tigation while Canada was rearmy killing of civilians in East viewing its aid policy.

limor had reacted too quickly "We regret that several countries hastily gave their judgement on the incident and related it to foreign assistance," the official Antara News Agency quoted State Secretary Murdiono as

Indonesia says its army killed 19 people when troops opened fire on a crowd of unarmed mourners in the former Portuguese

colony on Nov. 12. Amnesty International says the death toll was much higher and could reach 200 while the Australian government says 75 people

were killed.

positions based on press reports. This is unfortunate. They should have waited for the investigation committee first," Mr. Alatas told the news agency.

The commission is due in East

Witnesses have largely contra-

dicted the army version of events. They say troops deliberately and without provocation opened sustained fire on more than 3,000 people mourning the death of an opponent of Indonesian rule. Indonesia relies on the west

"(Aid donors) should not take

Timor Thursday and has promised to be impartial.

Foreign Minister Ali Alatas and Japan for more than \$5 bilsaid the Netherlands ws suspendlion a year of fresh aid.

# U.S. returns largest overseas air base to Manila

(R) — The United States Tuesday formally returned control to the Philippines of Clark Air Base, an American military outpost for 90 years and until last June the largest U.S. air base overseas. Global defence cuts and the

ending of the cold war with the Soviet Union meant it was not worth the large cost to rebuild Clark after the nearby Mount Pinatubo wrecked the base five months ago in one of the century's biggest volcanic eruptions.

The U.S. 13th Air Force, based at Clark, has been transferred to the U.S. Pacific territory of Guam and other functions of the base have been shifted to Alaska or units in other parts of Asia,

Despite reductions in its regional force levels, the United States pledged to continue helping to maintain peace and stability in Asia.

The cold war that has defioned our lives and the security interests of our nations for nearly half a century has come to an end... (but) we know that the job of national security has not ended," said U.S. Ambassador Frank Wisner.

"The... Philippines can count on the United States to maintain its shield of defence over the shores of Asia. America will not abandon its interests and ties to the nations of the area," he said during the handover ceremony.

A symbolic golden key to Clark was presented to Philippine Armed Forces Chief General Lisandro Abadia by General Jimmy Adams, commander-in-chief

of the U.S. Pacific Air Force. After the U.S. flag was lowered for the last time over the sprawling 50,000-acre (20,000hectare) base, the final contingent of 245 American troops marched past.

"We will leave Clark with more than a little bit of sorrow," said Gen. Adams during the cere-

"While we may no longer enjoy the privilege of maintaining our vigilance for peace as guest in the Filipino community, we truly intend to be good neighbours and ciose allies," he said, against the backdrop of buildings damaged by the volcano.

Some women wiped away tears as the American flag was lo-

Philippine Defence Secretary General Renato de Villa said the change marked a new start for the Philippines, which now becomes solely responsible for its own air

Clark, which started as a U.S. cavalry outpost in 1901 and became an air field in 1919, was the former headquarters of the U.S. 13th Air Force, known as "The Jungle Air Force."

A key operational centre dur-ing the Korean and Vietnam wars, Clark was an important combat, logistics and training facility for U.S. forces in the Pacific, providing air cover as far west as the coast of Africa and the Arabian Sea.

Fears that Pinatubo would go on emitting ash for several years. making jet flight in the area dangerous, forced the United States to abandon Clark, with

buildings and equipment being turned over to the Philippine government. The United States had wanted

Base, 80 kilometres northwest of Manila, for at least 10 more But rejection of a new treaty by the Philippine Senate has forced Manila and Washington to

to retain the nearby Subic Naval

negotiate a three-year withdrawal for the remaining 5,500 American servicemen at Snbic, which services the U.S. Seventh Fleet. The Philippines had intended to turn Clark into an internation-

al airport and manufacturing centre but the eruption of Pinatubo has put all plans on hold. As part of a rundown of forces

in the Philippines, the United States has already handed over several smaller facilities, including Camp John Hay Rest and Recreation Centre and three communications installations. In a separate development,

Philippine police have captured an intelligence chief of the com-munist New People's Army (NPA), police said Tuesday. Undercover agents grabbed Jesus Salvino, who carried a

bounty of 500,000 (\$18,500), at a Manila street corner Monday, a police statement said. Mr. Salvino headed an NPA section analysing intelligence information on civilian and military

officials and foreign nationals,

the statement said. It said Mr. Salvino's arrest will definitely set back the overall intelligence capability" of the NPA, which has been fighting for a Marxist state for 22 years.

Meanwhile, army mntineers raided the Philippines' main police camp and seized anti-tank weapons and other guns in what could be preparations for another coup attempt, the military said Tuesday.
Fifteen bours after Monday's

pre-dawn raid on the Camp Crame National Police Headquarters in Manila, security forces attacked a rebel lair three kilometres from the camp and recovered all the stolen weapons and captured three of the raiders. Two other rehels escaped through a drain.

The raid occurred two days after the government resumed its manhunt for coup leader Colonei Gregorio Honasan following unsuccessful surrender negotiations between the rebel officer and Armed Forces Chief General Lisandro Abadia

Col. Honasan, linked by the military to three of six army coup attempts against President Corazon Aquino, has said in recent press interviews that staging another coup remains an option of his group.
Military officials who asked not

to be identified said they were looking into the possibility that the raid was part of preparations by Col. Houssan's forces for another uprising.

Twenty anti-tank weapons and several 90-mm recoilless rifles stolen from the police supply office by a 14-man rebel group were recovered from the dissidents' hideout, police said. The government forces also

found hundreds of dynamite sticks and several bombs. 45,000 for it.

# 

# Architect unveils world's first revolving building

SYDNEY (R) — An Australian architect unveiled plans Tuesday for the world's first revolving office tower and said he would build it overseas unless Sydney agreed Harbour Bridge and Opera House. The radical design, one of a number of options for a number of options a number of options for a building overlooking Austrlia's two most famous landmarks, would rotate every two days. "We have designed the tower for Sydney, it would do justice to our national symbols but if it is not appreciated here we will take it over-seas," Hassell Architects Managing Director Tony Pegrum told reporters. "There is no other building anywhere like it in the world, we have the world copyright on the design," Mr. Pegrum. said. The steel structure, using existing technology, would have ssive turning mechanisms comprising roller bearings travelling on a fixed bearing plate. The leaf-shaped building with a plan-ned 36 levels, would be one of Sydney's tallest but the development site near the Opera House has been dogged by a row over planning approvals with local authorities. The planned building is in two sections, one on top of the other, both of which have a slewing or turning ring underneath. Roller bearings, 80 cm (2ft 8ins) in diametre, travel on a fixed steel bearing plate mounted on a con-crete support. Existing bearings comparable loads are used in turntables for rolling stock, ship-loading facilities, cranes at ship repair yards and on oil rigs. Each of the sections weight 40,000 ton-

er Alm

THE ! SE

10 C

تآ الاست

z I

0.000

المنتان المنتش

27 17 17

13 to 3 m

11 5244

27410

ವಾದ ನಿನ

53.00

E 21

ು ಮಾ

51

2 40: 22

300 mc

all hea

3,52 62

Train .

2 6-1-

- DE #4 1

- Engle 1211

EET !

कशाश द्वा

induk u :

72 br : 120

-20 Dec

20 to .

ed to take

Sept SEC

March LZ

Na Palenas

A COUNTY

ap par

### Taiwane se parents give whips to teachers

TAIPEI (R) - The parents' association of an unruly Taiwanese secondary school has presented an unusual gift to school authorities — 67 rattan whips. 'This is encouragement for us to use appropriate punishment to keep order, though we hope we'll never have to use these whips," a senior teacher at Chapei Junior High School in Hsinchn County said by tele-phone Tuesday. Two teachers were assaulted by students on campus this month. One is still in hospital. The education ministry bans corporal punishment but some Taiwanese parents still approve of the practice, which continues in some schools. Two it was teachers were given suspended . 345 jail sentences in September for beating a girl student.

### Australia bans imports of pit buil terriers, other dogs

CANBERRA (R) - The Australian government has decided to ban the import of pit bull terriers and three other breeds of dog considered dangerous to the public, Resources Minister Alan Griffiths announced Monday. The han will apply to the Japanese Tosa, the Dogo Argentino and the Fila Braziliero as well as to genetic material such as semen and frozen embryos, Mr. Griffiths said. The decision was in response to a spate of attacks on children by dangerous dogs, he said in a statement. The pit bull terrier has been involved in several fatal attacks in its native United States and the dogs were a source of great concern in Australia, he said. "The Dogo Argentino is derived from the Cordoban fighting dog which was a uniquely fierce dog and the Japanese Tosa is a particularly aggressive fighting breed," he said. Dog import applications will have to be accompained by declarations that the animal is not dangerous, has no aggressive ten-dencies and has not been bread or trained as a fighter.

### Michael Jackson's rhinestone giove could fetch \$45.000

LONDON (R) - A single white rhinestone glove worn by American superstar Michael Jackson eould feteb np to £25,000 (\$45,000) when it is auctioned at Christie's in London next month. The glove, which is encrusted with simulated diamonds. and fastens at the cuff with a single book, became famous after the 1983 release of Jackson's topselling Thriller Album. "I felt that wearing one glove was cod ... wearing two gloves seemed so ordinary, but a single glove was definitely a look," Jackson said in his autobiography, Moonwalk. the glove will go under the hanmer at a pop sale on Dec. 19,-Christie's expect as much as

# Congress negotiators agree on Soviet aid

WASHINGTON (R) - Congressional negotiators have tentatively approved use of up to \$500 million of U.S. defence money to fly emergency food and medicine to Soviet republics this winter and to help destroy half of Moscow's nuclear weapons.

needed to head off food riots that could topple Soviet President Mikhail Gorhachev and keep Soviet nuclear weapons out of the hands of terrorists, independent Soviet republics or Third World "I must say candidly that it is

Sponsors said the aid was

not beyond question that there could be a breakdown in social order... that could bring down genee Committee 'Chairman David Boren, an Oklaboma Democrat, told the Senate. Negotiators from the Senate and House of Representatives

plemental appropriation bill tentatively approved use of up to \$400 million for destruction of Soviet nuclear weapons and up to \$100 million for flying emergency food and medicine to Soviet re-Approval of the Soviet aid in

the supplemental bill would vir-

tually assure final approval by

working on an \$8 billion sup-

Congress before it adjourns for the year this week. Negotiators hoped to complete the supplemental bill Tuesday. It contains several provisions that President George Bush has threatened to veto, but nego-

tiators were trying to work out compromises to avoid that. The Senate approved \$700 million for the Soviet aid earlier but House supplemental negotiators said \$500 million was the most the

Defence Department could

The Senate voted 87-7 to au-

thorise Mr. Bush to spend up to \$200 million to fly food, medicine and other relief directly to Soviet republics with emergency needs this winter. The Senate also voted 86-5 to authorise up to \$500 million of

Gorbachev carry out destruction of about half an estimated 30,000 nuclear weapons. Influential senators and Hous members hoped to win final approval of the aid in the House

U.S. defence money to help Mr.

before Congress adjourns. The aid was tackled onto legislation carrying out U.S. implementation of the Conventional Forces in Europe (CFE) treaty

limiting non-nuclear East-West forces in Europe.

The Senate ratified the CFE treaty 90-4. It later approved the arms transfer legislation contain-

ing the aid package.
Senate Armed Services Comurittee Chairman Sam Nunn, a Georgia Democrat, said Soviet officials had asked for Western assistance in carrying out Mr.

Gorbachev's plan to destroy the 15,000 weapons. The U.S. aid would help Soviet experts transport the nuclear weapons, store them and destroy

Monday that Kinski's body was found Saturday by a family friend. Further details were not immediately available. Kinski, father of actress Nastassja Kinski, acted in some 200 films in an international career that began in 1948 following experience on the stage in Berlin. Born Klaus Gunther Nakszynski in Gdansk, Poland, Kinski was best known for the tormented characters he played in three films made by German director Werner Herzog. He played the lead role in Aguirre, The Wrath Of God (1973), about a power-mad Spanish conquistador who leads a small group of followers to destruction in search of the fabled city of El Dorado, and later starred in Nosferatu (1979), a remake of the classic silent vampire movie. Kinski and Nastassja Kinski's mother, German writer Ruth Brigitte, separated in the late 1960s. Kinski had two other children - Pola, an actress, and a son, Nanhoi - by other

**WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF** 

MOSCOW (R) — Thirty-seven people were killed Tuesday in a plane crash in the Soviet autonomous Republic of Tatarstan,

Soviet News Agency (TASS) said. The plane, an Antonov-24

crashed while landing at Bugulma Airport after a flight from the West Siberian oil-producing city of Nizhnevartovsk. TASS said all

33 passengers and four crew members were killed and an

investigation was being conducted. It gave no further details.

Tatarstan, on the Volga River, is one of many autonomous

LAGUNITAS, California (R) — Klaus Kinski, the Polish-born actor known for his portrayal of obsessed characters in such films

as Fitzcarraldo and Aguirre, The Wrath Of God, has died of

apparently natural causes, a U.S. corener's office said. He was 65.

A spokeswoman for the Marin Court Coroner's Office said late

37 killed in Soviet piane crash

republics within the Russian Federation.

Actor Kiaus Kinski dies aged 65

# Moi aide arrested — Kenyan journalists

NAIROBI (R) — Kenyan journalists said Tuesday former Industry Minister Nicholas Biwott, a close aide of President Daneil Arap Moi, had been arrested. The reported arrest came eight days after Mr. Biwott was named by a British detective as one of the two main suspects in the murder of Foreign Minister Robert Ouko 20 months ago. The journalists, from the Nation newspaper, said they had been told of Tuesday's arrest by police. The journalists said Hezekiah Oyugi and three other people had also been arrested. Oyugi, internal security chief at the time of Ouko's death, was the other person named by British detective John Troon Nov. 18 as a principal suspect in the killing. Oyugi, internal security chief at the time of Ouko's death, was the other person named by British detective John Troon Nov. 18 as a

# principal suspect in the killing.

First lady: Sununu will not be fired WASHINGTON (R) - Barbara Bush has denied that she hlames White House Chief of Staff John Sununu for President George Bush's mounting political problems and Mr. Bush's spokesman said Mr. Sununu was in no danger of being fired. The show of solidarity for Mr. Bush's beleaguered chief aide came amid reports of disarray in the White House and rumours that even Mrs. Bush was unhappy with Mr. Sununn's performance. "It isn't true and it's ugly, and I don't like it. He knows it's not true," she told reporters at a brief ceremony marking delivery of the White House Christmas tree. The very fact that the genial first lady not nearly so actively political as some recent predecessors - had to field such questions at such an event was a good indication that talk about a White House in crisis is rife again in Washington. Blame often lands on the chief of staff when a president's poll ratings plunge, as Mr. Bush's are now. Shortly before Mrs. Bush spoke, White House spokesman Marlin Fitzwater said he did not believe Mr. Sumunn was in any danger of being fired. "I don't think it's ever been in danger, near as I can tell, Mr. Fitzwater said when asked, if Mr. Sumunu's job was safe.

# indian kidnappers free Romanian envoy

NEW DELHI (R) — Romanian diplomat Liviu Radu, releases by Sikh militants in Punjab after a seven-week abduction which sparked a huge manhunt, took a train and taxi home Tuesday following an "interesting and movel experience." A constable at the police barrier outside his house told the envoy to show his identity card before letting him in. Mr. Radu, looking fit, told reporters he was put on a slow train in Punjab, the northern state where Sikhs are fighting for a homeland, Monday night. He arrived in Delhi after a 12-hour journey and took a taxi home from the railway station. Mr. Radu, 53, said be was held in Delhi and in villages in Punjab. "It was a very interesting and novel experience. It is a facet of India I hadn't seen. Now I can say my knowledge is complete." The Romanian charge d'affaires in India was kidnapped by armed Sikh militants as he drove to work on Oct. 9. He was acting ambassador at the time. "They showed me a gun and said come with us," Radu said, speaking to reporters in the garden of his bungalow.